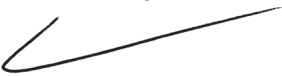


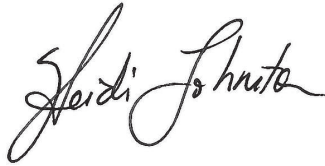
The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by RBC Global Asset Management Inc. ("RBC GAM") as manager of the RBC ETFs (the "ETFs") and approved by the Board of Directors of RBC GAM. We are responsible for the information contained within the financial statements.

We have maintained appropriate procedures and controls to ensure that timely and reliable financial information is produced. The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") (and they include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgments). The significant accounting policies, which we believe are appropriate for the ETFs, are described in Note 3 to the financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants, have performed an independent audit of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS. Their report is set out on the next page.



Damon G. Williams, FSA, FCIA, CFA
Chief Executive Officer
RBC Global Asset Management Inc.
March 11, 2019



Heidi Johnston, CPA, CA
Chief Financial Officer
RBC GAM Funds

To the Unitholders and Trustee of

RBC 1-5 Year Laddered Canadian Bond ETF	RBC Canadian Preferred Share ETF	RBC Quant EAFE Dividend Leaders ETF
RBC 1-5 Year Laddered Corporate Bond ETF	RBC Quant Canadian Dividend Leaders ETF	RBC Quant EAFE Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF
RBC 6-10 Year Laddered Canadian Corporate Bond ETF	RBC Quant Canadian Equity Leaders ETF	RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders ETF
RBC Target 2019 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RBC Canadian Equity Index ETF	RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF
RBC Target 2020 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RBC Vision Women's Leadership MSCI Canada Index ETF	RBC International Equity Index ETF
RBC Target 2021 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RBC Canadian Bank Yield Index ETF	RBC International Equity (CAD Hedged) Index ETF
RBC Target 2022 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RBC Quant U.S. Dividend Leaders ETF	RBC Quant Emerging Markets Dividend Leaders ETF
RBC Target 2023 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RBC Quant U.S. Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	RBC Quant Emerging Markets Equity Leaders ETF
RBC Target 2024 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RBC Quant U.S. Equity Leaders ETF	RBC Emerging Markets Equity Index ETF
RBC Target 2025 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RBC Quant U.S. Equity Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	RBC Strategic Global Dividend Leaders ETF
RBC PH&N Short Term Canadian Bond ETF	RBC U.S. Equity Index ETF	RBC Strategic Global Equity Leaders ETF
RBC Canadian Short Term Bond Index ETF	RBC U.S. Equity (CAD Hedged) Index ETF	RBC Quant Global Infrastructure Leaders ETF
RBC Canadian Bond Index ETF	RBC U.S. Banks Yield Index ETF	RBC Quant Global Real Estate Leaders ETF
RBC Short Term U.S. Corporate Bond ETF	RBC U.S. Banks Yield (CAD Hedged) Index ETF	(collectively, the "ETFs", individually the "ETF")
RBC Global Government Bond (CAD Hedged) Index ETF	RBC Quant European Dividend Leaders ETF	
RBC BlueBay Global Diversified Income (CAD Hedged) ETF	RBC Quant European Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying December 31, 2018 annual financial statements of each of the ETFs present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each ETF, its financial performance and its cash flows as at and for the periods indicated in note 2 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

What we have audited

The financial statements of each of the ETFs comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at the period-end dates indicated in note 2;
- the statements of comprehensive income for the periods indicated in note 2;
- the statements of cash flow for the periods indicated in note 2;
- the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units ("NAV") for the periods indicated in note 2; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of each of the ETFs in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information of each of the ETFs. The other information comprises the 2018 Annual Management Report of Fund Performance of each of the ETFs.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of each of the ETFs, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of each of the ETFs or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of each of the ETFs in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability of each of the ETFs to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate any of the ETFs or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each of the ETFs.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole for each ETF are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements of each of the ETFs.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of each of the ETFs, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of each of the ETFs.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of each of the ETFs to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of each of the ETFs or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause any of the ETFs to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of each of the ETFs, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Patrizia Perruzza.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario

March 11, 2019



SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (in \$000s)

RBC QUANT EMERGING MARKETS EQUITY LEADERS ETF

December 31, 2018

Holdings	Security	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES				
Communication Services				
271	58.com Inc. ADR	\$ 20	\$ 20	
9 600	Advanced Info Service PCL, Subscription Receipts	73	69	
147 500	America Movil S.A.B. de C.V.	162	143	
643	Autohome Inc. ADR	66	69	
557	Baidu.com Inc. ADR	179	121	
318	CD Projekt S.A.	22	17	
3 000	China Communications Services Corp. Ltd.	3	3	
13 000	China Mobile (Hong Kong) Ltd.	158	171	
118 000	China Telecom Corp. Ltd.	75	82	
36 000	China Unicom Hong Kong Ltd.	54	53	
2 000	Chunghwa Telecom Co. Ltd.	9	10	
15 847	Emirates Telecommunications Group Co. PJSC	96	100	
27 800	Maxis Berhad	50	49	
8 507	MTN Group Ltd.	101	72	
97	NCSoft Corp.	43	55	
141	Netease.com ADR	38	45	
1 010	PLDT Inc.	37	30	
107 000	PT Surya Citra Media Tbk	17	19	
104	SK Telecom Co. Ltd.	30	34	
1 300	Telefonica Brasil S.A. Preference	23	21	
922	Telkom SA Ltd.	4	6	
12 300	Tencent Holdings Ltd.	776	674	
9 300	TIM Participacoes S.A.	45	39	
587	YY Inc. ADR	75	48	
		2 156	1 950	12.8
Consumer Discretionary				
2 272	Alibaba Group Holding Ltd. ADR	490	425	
1 300	Alsea S.A.B. de C.V.	4	5	
24 500	BAIC Motor Corp Ltd.	18	18	
3 100	China International Travel Service Corp. Ltd.	36	37	
9 000	Geely Automobile Holdings Ltd.	23	22	
2 700	Gree Electric Appliances Inc. of Zhuhai	20	19	
7 000	Haier Electronics Group Co. Ltd.	25	24	
50 100	Home Product Center PCL NVDR	29	32	
524	Hyundai Motor Co.	90	76	
2 238	Kia Motors Corp.	89	92	
333	LG Electronics Inc.	34	25	
18	LPP S.A.	54	51	
200	Magazine Luiza S.A.	11	13	
3 123	Mr. Price Group Ltd.	73	73	
479	New Oriental Education & Technology Group Inc. ADR	51	36	
4 700	Petrobras Distribuidora S.A.	32	43	
30 000	PT Matahari Department Store Tbk	13	16	
1 158	TAL Education Group ADR	47	42	

Holdings	Security	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Consumer Discretionary (cont.)				
9 063	Tata Motors Limited ADR	\$ 200	\$ 151	
3 042	Truworths International Ltd.	28	25	
115	Yum! China Holdings Inc.	5	5	
		1 372	1 230	8.1
Consumer Staples				
12 300	Ambev S.A.	95	67	
700	Arca Continental S.A.B. de C.V.	5	5	
2 000	China Mengniu Dairy Co. Ltd.	7	9	
2 765	Clicks Group Ltd.	48	50	
19 900	CP ALL PCL	59	57	
59	E-Mart Co. Ltd.	18	13	
4 900	Fomento Economico Mexicano S.A. Series B	57	57	
1 800	Foshan Haitian Flavouring & Food Co. Ltd.	22	25	
16 800	IOI Corporation Berhad	25	25	
1 300	JBS S.A.	4	5	
22 800	Kimberly-Clark de Mexico S.A.	51	49	
480	KT&G Corp.	58	60	
200	Kweichow Moutai Co. Ltd.	26	23	
2 600	Nestlé (Malaysia) Berhad	120	127	
5 112	Pick n Pay Stores Ltd.	36	33	
9 000	President Chain Store Corp.	120	124	
62 600	PT Charoen Pokphand Indonesia Tbk	23	43	
4 100	PT Gudang Garam Tbk	28	33	
293 200	PT Hanjaya Mandala Sampoerna Tbk	99	103	
6 500	PT Unilever Indonesia Tbk	24	28	
2 140	Shoptite Holdings Ltd.	50	39	
16 000	Sun Art Retail Group Ltd.	23	22	
604	The SPAR Group Ltd.	12	12	
14 000	Tingyi Cayman Islands Holding Corp.	33	26	
22 000	Uni-President Enterprises Corp.	64	68	
1 740	Universal Robina Corp.	6	6	
26 700	Wal-Mart de Mexico S.A.B. de C.V.	87	93	
37 000	Want Want China Holdings Ltd.	36	35	
		1 236	1 237	8.1
Energy				
4 000	China Oilfield Services Ltd.	5	5	
150 000	China Petroleum & Chemical Corp.	170	146	
54 000	CNOOC Ltd.	112	114	
800	Cosan SA Industria e Comercio	11	9	
34 659	Ecopetrol S.A.	47	39	
1 277	Grupa Lotos S.A.	28	41	
449	GS Holdings Corp.	33	28	
727	MOL Hungarian Oil & Gas Plc.	10	11	
48 000	Petrochina Co.	46	41	
16 532	Petroleo Brasileiro S.A.	130	132	
2 016	Polskie Gornictwo Naftowe i Gazownictwo S.A.	4	5	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



December 31, 2018

Holdings	Security	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Energy (cont.)				
106 800	PT Adaro Energy Tbk	\$ 19	\$ 12	
5 700	PTT Exploration & Production PCL	30	27	
15 100	PTT PCL	30	29	
3 581	Reliance Industries Ltd. GDR	137	156	
138	SK Innovation Co. Ltd.	32	30	
4 300	Thai Oil PCL	15	12	
26 000	Yanzhou Coal Mining Co. Ltd.	40	29	
		899	866	5.7
Financials				
3 857	Absa Group Ltd.	65	59	
18 227	Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank PJSC	46	55	
112 000	Agricultural Bank of China Ltd.	74	67	
12 562	Alpha Bank AE	37	22	
1 315	Ayala Corp.	32	31	
9 290	Banco Bradesco S.A. Preference	114	127	
428	Banco de Credito e Inversiones	39	38	
2 300	Banco do Brasil S.A.	30	38	
10 290	Banco Santander Mexico S.A.	19	17	
1 300	Bangkok Bank PCL (Foreign)	11	11	
249 000	Bank of China Ltd.	160	147	
12 110	BDO Unibank Inc.	43	41	
2 882	BNK Financial Group Inc.	33	26	
65 000	China Citic Bank	60	54	
262 000	China Construction Bank Corp.	310	295	
5 000	China Everbright Bank Co. Ltd.	3	3	
22 000	China Everbright Ltd.	55	53	
130 000	China Huarong Asset Management Co. Ltd.	40	32	
11 837	China Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	15	15	
10 000	China Merchants Bank Co. Ltd.	53	50	
77 000	Chinatrust Financial Holding Co.	69	69	
182	Credicorp Ltd.	53	55	
166	DB Insurance Co. Ltd.	13	14	
2 559	DGB Financial Group Inc.	33	26	
24 440	Eurobank Ergasias S.A.	29	21	
16 738	FirstRand Ltd.	105	104	
31 000	Fubon Financial Holding Co. Ltd.	67	65	
49 890	Grupo Aval Acciones y Valores S.A. Preference	26	21	
8 900	Grupo Financiero Banorte S.A.B. de C.V.	65	59	
2 100	Grupo Financiero Inbursa S.A.B. de C.V.	4	4	
18 561	Haci Omer Sabanci Holding A.S.	47	36	
829	Hana Financial Group Inc.	39	37	
197	Hyundai Marine & Fire Insurance Co. Ltd.	9	10	
5 020	ICICI Bank Ltd. ADR	60	71	
191 000	Industrial & Commercial Bank of China	194	186	
2 177	Industrial Bank of Korea	40	37	
4 394	Investec Ltd.	39	33	
2 600	IRB Brasil Resseguros S.A.	65	76	

Holdings	Security	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Financials (cont.)				
15 315	Itau Unibanco Holding S.A. Preference	\$ 171	\$ 192	
16 070	Itausa – Investimentos Itau S.A. Preference	70	68	
2 600	Kasikornbank PCL	21	20	
988	KB Financial Group Inc.	57	56	
323	Korea Investment Holdings Co. Ltd.	28	24	
1 466	LG Investment & Securities Co.	25	23	
1 700	Liberty Holdings Ltd.	18	18	
9 000	Mega Financial Holding Co. Ltd.	10	10	
1 647	Nedcor Limited	44	43	
1 378	OTP Bank Rt.	72	76	
17 000	PICC Property & Casualty Co. Ltd.	27	24	
13 000	Ping An Insurance Group Company of China Ltd.	153	157	
1 300	Porto Seguro S.A.	22	24	
1 735	Powszechna Kasa Oszczednosci Bank Polski S.A.	24	25	
55 400	PT Bank Mandiri Persero Tbk	37	39	
408	Qatar Islamic Bank SAQ	17	23	
1 319	Qatar National Bank SAQ	69	96	
6 136	RMB Holdings Ltd.	45	46	
90	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co. Ltd.	29	30	
408	Samsung Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	55	41	
1 101	Samsung Securities Co. Ltd.	44	42	
714	Sanlam Ltd.	5	5	
25 332	Shin Kong Financial Holding Co. Ltd.	12	10	
1 555	Shinhan Financial Group Co. Ltd.	86	75	
4 689	Standard Bank Group Ltd.	90	80	
700	Sul America S.A.	6	7	
2 435	The Commercial Bank of Qatar QSC	33	36	
25 000	The People's Insurance Co. Group of China Ltd.	16	14	
3 400	The Siam Commercial Bank PCL	19	19	
12 963	Turkiye Garanti Bankasi A.S.	32	26	
2 823	Woori Bank	51	54	
69 000	Yuanta Financial Holding Co. Ltd.	41	47	
		3 625	3 555	23.3
Health Care				
15 700	Bangkok Dusit Medical Services PCL	16	16	
3 200	Bumrungrad Hospital PCL	25	25	
214	Celltrion Inc.	62	58	
12 000	China Medical System Holdings Ltd.	35	15	
16 000	CSPC Pharmaceutical Group Ltd.	47	32	
2 054	Dr. Reddy's Laboratories Ltd. ADR	94	106	
16 000	Genscript Biotech Corp.	38	29	
800	Huadong Medicine Co. Ltd.	6	4	
1 400	Hypermarcas S.A.	16	15	
13 749	Netcare Ltd.	36	35	
1 400	Odontoprev S.A.	6	7	
30 000	Sino Biopharmaceutical Ltd.	46	27	
		427	369	2.4

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



December 31, 2018

Holdings	Security	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Industrials				
72	51job Inc. ADR	\$ 6	\$ 6	
2 170	Aboitiz Equity Ventures Inc.	3	3	
14 000	Air China Ltd.	21	17	
23 600	Airports of Thailand PCL	62	64	
14 800	Alfa S.A.	23	24	
1 569	Bidvest Group Ltd.	34	31	
3 200	CCR S.A.	15	13	
298	Cheil Industries Inc.	44	38	
11 000	China Communications Construction Co. Ltd.	14	14	
40 000	China Eastern Airlines Corp Ltd.	32	30	
58 000	Citic Pacific Ltd.	118	124	
217	Daelim Industrial Co. Ltd.	23	27	
907	DP World Ltd.	25	21	
28 500	Fosun International	65	57	
2 600	Grupo Aeroportuario del Pacifico S.A.B. de C.V.	30	29	
954	GS Engineering & Construction Corp.	48	51	
1 982	Imperial Logistics Ltd.	38	13	
7 740	JG Summit Holdings Inc.	12	11	
1 358	Latam Airlines Group S.A.	22	19	
7 700	Malaysia Airports Holdings Berhad	21	21	
39 000	Metallurgical Corp of China Ltd.	14	13	
1 945	Promotora y Operadora de Infraestructura S.A.B. de C.V.	25	25	
84	S1 Corp.	10	10	
3 000	Sany Heavy Industry Co. Ltd.	5	5	
52 200	Sime Darby Berhad	48	41	
4 000	Sinopec Engineering Group Co. Ltd.	5	4	
9 000	Sinotruk Hong Kong Ltd.	16	19	
62	SK Holdings Co. Ltd.	21	20	
1 210	SM Investments Corp.	28	29	
3 591	TAV Havalimanlari Holding A.S.	21	22	
10 618	Turk Hava Yollari	46	44	
13 000	Weichai Power Co. Ltd.	20	20	
		915	865	5.7
Information Technology				
74 000	Acer Inc.	73	64	
3 000	Asustek Computer Inc.	30	27	
108 000	AU Optronics Corp.	61	59	
2 000	Catcher Technology Co. Ltd.	30	20	
7 800	Cielo S.A.	32	24	
2 000	Delta Electronics Inc.	10	12	
1 348	Globalwafers Co. Ltd.	23	17	
1 437	Hynix Semiconductor Inc.	126	106	
16 956	Infosys Technologies Ltd. ADR	79	220	
159 000	InnoLux Display Corp.	82	69	
69 000	Inventec Corp.	70	68	
8 000	Kingdee International Software Group Co. Ltd.	10	10	
18 000	Lite-On Technology Corp.	25	32	
21 680	Macronix International	35	18	
5 000	MediaTek Inc.	62	51	
8 000	Nanya Technology Corp.	29	20	
9 000	Novatek Microelectronics Corp.	49	57	

Holdings	Security	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Information Technology (cont.)				
2 000	Realtek Semiconductor Corp.	\$ 11	\$ 13	
89	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	12	11	
13 104	Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.	704	621	
90	Samsung SDS Co. Ltd.	22	22	
49 500	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	483	496	
18 000	United Microelectronics Corporation Ltd.	12	9	
2 000	Walsin Technology Corp.	14	14	
		2 084	2 060	13.5
Materials				
408	Anglo American Platinum Corp.	16	21	
857	AngloGold Ashanti Ltd.	10	15	
7 000	Asia Cement Corp.	9	11	
2 500	Baoshan Iron & Steel Co. Ltd.	4	3	
1 900	Braskem S.A. Preference	32	32	
18 000	China National Building Material Co. Ltd.	23	17	
20 000	China Resources Cement Holdings Ltd.	25	25	
7 500	Conch Cement Co. Ltd.	50	50	
157	DC Chemical Co. Ltd.	26	21	
13 518	Empresas CMPC S.A.	63	59	
13 000	Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	57	61	
18 000	Formosa Plastics Corp.	78	81	
14 000	Grupo Mexico S.A.B. de C.V.	48	39	
86	Honam Petrochemical Corp.	38	29	
666	Jastrzebska Spolka Weglowa S.A.	18	16	
230	Kumba Iron Ore Ltd.	8	6	
70	Kumho Petro Chemical Co. Ltd.	7	7	
28 000	MMG Ltd.	19	16	
9 000	Nan Ya Plastic Corporation	30	30	
16 300	Petronas Chemicals Group Berhad	43	50	
206	POSCO	77	61	
18 600	PT Indah Kiat Pulp & Paper Corp. Tbk	26	20	
13 500	PTT Global Chemical PCL	46	40	
306	Sasol Ltd.	13	12	
52 000	Sinopec Shanghai Petrochemical Co.	35	31	
83	Sociedad Quimica y Minera de Chile S.A. Preference	5	4	
1 800	The Siam Cement PCL	34	33	
9 100	Vale S.A.	163	164	
11 986	Vedanta Ltd. ADR	198	189	
		1 201	1 143	7.5
Real Estate				
18 000	Agile Group Holdings Ltd.	38	29	
29 000	Ayala Land Inc.	30	31	
11 000	China Evergrande Group	41	45	
10 000	China Overseas Land & Investment Ltd.	40	47	
14 000	China Resources Land Ltd.	65	74	
1 800	China Vanke Co. Ltd.	9	8	
39 489	Emaar Development PJSC	68	65	
40 893	Emlak Konut Gayrimenkul Yatirim Ortakligi A.S. Real Estate Investment Trust	17	16	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



December 31, 2018

Holdings	Security	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Real Estate (cont.)				
20 255	Future Land Development Holdings Ltd.	\$ 19	\$ 19	
2 400	Future Land Holdings Co. Ltd.	11	11	
3 731	Growthpoint Properties Ltd. Real Estate Investment Trust	11	8	
729	Hyprop Investments Ltd. Real Estate Investment Trust	8	6	
8 000	KWG Group Holdings Ltd.	11	10	
11 581	Logan Property Holdings Co. Ltd.	18	20	
5 295	Redefine Properties Ltd. Real Estate Investment Trust	5	5	
22 000	Ruentex Development Co. Ltd.	49	44	
12 000	Shimao Property Holdings Ltd.	39	44	
2 000	Sunac China Holdings Ltd.	8	9	
23 584	Yuzhou Properties Co. Ltd.	13	13	
		<u>500</u>	<u>504</u>	<u>3.3</u>
Underlying Funds				
22 551	iShares MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund	1 165	1 203	
		<u>1 165</u>	<u>1 203</u>	<u>7.9</u>
Utilities				
25 264	Aguas Andinas S.A.	20	19	
2 200	Centrais Eletricas Brasileiras S.A. Preference	17	22	
1 035	CEZ A.S.	32	34	
26 000	China Longyuan Power Group Corp.	31	24	
2 600	Cia de Saneamento Basico do Estado de Sao Paulo	29	29	
73 096	Colbun S.A.	22	20	
22 000	Huaneng Renewables Corp Ltd.	12	8	
2 030	Manila Electric Co.	19	20	
4 500	Petronas Gas Berhad	27	29	
8 800	Tenaga Nasional Berhad	42	39	
41 100	YTL Corp. Berhad	15	13	
		<u>266</u>	<u>257</u>	<u>1.7</u>
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES		<u>15 846</u>	<u>15 239</u>	<u>100.0</u>
Less: Transaction costs		<u>(18)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		<u>\$ 15 828</u>	<u>15 239</u>	<u>100.0</u>
OTHER NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS			<u>24</u>	<u>—</u>
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS		<u>\$ 15 263</u>	<u>15 239</u>	<u>100.0</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



Statements of Financial Position

(in \$000s except per unit amounts)

(see note 2 in the generic notes)	December 31 2018	December 31 2017
ASSETS		
Investments at fair value	\$ 15 239	\$ 11 740
Cash	180	44
Due from investment dealers	210	15
Dividends receivable, interest accrued and other assets	48	22
TOTAL ASSETS	15 677	11 821
LIABILITIES		
Due to investment dealers	111	15
Distributions payable	294	59
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	9	8
TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS	414	82
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS ("NAV")	\$ 15 263	\$ 11 739
Investments at cost	\$ 15 828	\$ 10 696
NAV		
CAD UNITS	\$ 11 741	\$ 10 435
USD UNITS	\$ 3 522	\$ 1 304
NAV PER UNIT		
CAD UNITS	\$ 23.48	\$ 26.09
USD UNITS*	\$ 17.19	\$ 20.82

* Stated in U.S. dollars.

Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in \$000s except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended December 31 (see note 2 in the generic notes)	2018	2017
INCOME (see note 3 in the generic notes)		
Dividends	\$ 878	\$ 159
Income from investment trusts	25	–
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	(2 376)	425
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(1 633)	716
TOTAL NET GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES	(3 106)	1 300
Other income (loss)	(10)	–
Securities lending revenue (see note 8 in the generic notes)	2	–
Net gain (loss) on foreign cash balances	(45)	(46)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (LOSS)	(53)	(46)
TOTAL INCOME (LOSS)	(3 159)	1 254
EXPENSES (see notes – ETF Specific Information)		
Management fees	145	38
GST/HST	20	6
Transaction costs	134	25
Withholding tax	104	21
TOTAL EXPENSES	403	90
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV	\$ (3 562)	\$ 1 164
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV		
CAD UNITS	\$ (3 229)	\$ 909
USD UNITS	\$ (333)	\$ 255
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV PER UNIT		
CAD UNITS	\$ (4.20)	\$ 4.79
USD UNITS*	\$ (2.15)	\$ 3.93

* Stated in U.S. dollars.



Statements of Cash Flow (in \$000s)

For the periods ended December 31
(see note 2 in the generic notes)

	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in NAV	\$ (3 562)	\$ 1 164
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATIONS		
Interest for distribution purposes	–	–
Net unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss on cash	–	–
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	2 376	(425)
Change in unrealized loss (gain) on investments	1 633	(716)
Non-cash distributions from underlying funds	–	–
(Increase) decrease in accrued receivables	(26)	(11)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payables	1	4
Cost of investments purchased*	(62 132)	(11 275)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments*	62 162	11 324
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	452	65
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issue of redeemable units*	452	166
Cash paid on redemption of redeemable units*	(386)	(102)
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units	(382)	(93)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ (316)	\$ (29)
Net unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	–	–
Net increase (decrease) in cash for the period	136	36
Cash (bank overdraft), beginning of period	44	8
CASH (BANK OVERDRAFT), END OF PERIOD	\$ 180	\$ 44
Interest received (paid)	\$ –	\$ –
Income received from investment trusts	\$ 25	\$ –
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 748	\$ 129

* Excludes in-kind transactions.



Statements of Changes in NAV (in \$000s)

For the periods ended December 31 (see note 2 in the generic notes)	CAD Units		USD Units		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
NAV AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$ 10 435	\$ 3 214	\$ 1 304	\$ 1 071	\$ 11 739	\$ 4 285
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV	(3 229)	909	(333)	255	(3 562)	1 164
Early redemption fees	–	–	–	–	–	–
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	32 332	16 311	11 566	–	43 898	16 311
Reinvestments of distributions to holders of redeemable units	–	252	–	32	–	284
Redemption of redeemable units	(27 286)	(9 899)	(8 909)	–	(36 195)	(9 899)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) FROM REDEEMABLE UNIT TRANSACTIONS	5 046	6 664	2 657	32	7 703	6 696
Distributions from net income	(472)	(100)	(98)	(22)	(570)	(122)
Distributions from net gains	–	(252)	–	(32)	–	(284)
Distributions from capital	(39)	–	(8)	–	(47)	–
TOTAL DISTRIBUTIONS TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS	(511)	(352)	(106)	(54)	(617)	(406)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV	1 306	7 221	2 218	233	3 524	7 454
NAV AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 11 741	\$ 10 435	\$ 3 522	\$ 1 304	\$ 15 263	\$ 11 739



December 31, 2018

General information (see note 1 in the generic notes)

The investment objective of the ETF is to provide unitholders with broad exposure to the performance of a diversified portfolio of high-quality emerging market equity securities that have the potential for long-term capital growth.

Financial instrument risk and capital management (see note 5 in the generic notes)

Concentration risk (%)

The table below summarizes the ETF's investment exposure (after consideration of derivative products, if any) as at:

Investment mix	December 31 2018	December 31 2017
International Equities		
Financials	23.3	23.6
Information Technology	13.5	28.5
Communication Services	12.8	7.2
Consumer Staples	8.1	6.9
Consumer Discretionary	8.1	7.0
Materials	7.5	6.6
Industrials	5.7	5.2
Energy	5.7	7.3
Real Estate	3.3	2.9
Health Care	2.4	2.5
Utilities	1.7	2.4
Underlying Funds	7.9	–
Other Net Assets	–	(0.1)
Total	100.0	100.0

Currency risk (% of NAV)

The table below summarizes the ETF's net exposure (after hedging, if any) to currency risk as at:

Currency	December 31 2018	December 31 2017
Hong Kong dollar	22.6	18.6
United States dollar	19.6	11.2
South Korean won	13.0	14.8
New Taiwan dollar	11.1	16.0
Brazilian real	7.6	7.7
South African rand	5.6	8.4
Mexican peso	3.6	4.5
Thailand baht	3.0	4.4
Malaysian ringgit	2.6	2.8
Indonesian rupiah	2.1	4.2
UAE dirham	1.4	0.8
Philippine peso	1.3	1.4
Chilean peso	1.0	1.7
Polish zloty	1.0	1.0
Qatari riyal	1.0	0.8

Please see the generic notes at the back of the financial statements.

Currency	December 31 2018	December 31 2017
Turkish new lira	0.9	0.3
Chinese renminbi	0.8	–
Hungarian forint	0.6	0.9
Colombian peso	0.4	0.8
Euro	0.3	–
Czech koruna	0.2	0.2
Total	99.7	100.5

As at December 31, 2018, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 5% in relation to the above currencies, with all other factors kept constant, the ETF's NAV may have decreased or increased, respectively, by approximately 5.0% (December 31, 2017 – 5.0%). In practice, actual results could differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

Other price risk (% impact on NAV)

The table below shows the impact of a 1% change in the broad-based index (noted below) on the ETF's NAV, using a 35-month (December 31, 2017 – 23-month) historical correlation of data of the ETF's return and the index, with all other factors kept constant, as at:

	December 31 2018	December 31 2017
MSCI Emerging Markets Total Return		
Net Index (CAD)	+ or - 0.9	+ or - 0.9

Since historical correlation may not be representative of future correlation, actual results could differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

Fair value hierarchy (\$000s except % amounts)

(see note 3 in the generic notes)

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

December 31, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	14 036	–	–	14 036
Underlying funds	1 203	–	–	1 203
Fixed-income				
and debt securities	–	–	–	–
Short-term investments	–	–	–	–
Derivatives – assets	–	–	–	–
Derivatives – liabilities	–	–	–	–
Total financial instruments	15 239	–	–	15 239
% of total portfolio	100.0	–	–	100.0



December 31, 2018

December 31, 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	11 740	–	–	11 740
Underlying funds	–	–	–	–
Fixed-income and debt securities	–	–	–	–
Short-term investments	–	–	–	–
Derivatives – assets	–	–	–	–
Derivatives – liabilities	–	–	–	–
Total financial instruments	11 740	–	–	11 740
% of total portfolio	100.0	–	–	100.0

For the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, there were no transfers of financial instruments between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

Management fees (see note 9 in the generic notes)

RBC GAM is paid a management fee per annum of the NAV by the ETF as compensation for its services. The management fee of the ETF is calculated at the following annual percentages, before GST/HST, of the daily NAV of the ETF.

	Management fees
CAD Units	0.64%
USD Units	0.64%

Unconsolidated structured entities (%) (see note 3 in the generic notes)

The table below summarizes the ETF's interest in the unsponsored funds as a percentage of NAV, and the ETF's ownership interest as a percentage of NAV of the unsponsored funds ("Ownership").

	December 31 2018		December 31 2017	
	NAV	Ownership	NAV	Ownership
iShares MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund	7.9	–	–	–

Taxes (\$000s) (see note 7 in the generic notes)

The non-capital and capital losses as at December 31, 2018 for the ETF were approximately:

Capital losses	1 529
Non-capital losses	–

Redeemable units (000s) (see note 6 in the generic notes)

The NAV per unit is arrived at by dividing the NAV of the ETF by the total number of units outstanding at the end of each trading day of the ETF.

For the periods ended December 31
(see note 2 in the generic notes)

	2018	2017
CAD Units		
Opening units	400	150
Issued number of units	1 200	650
Reinvested number of units	–	10
Units consolidated*	–	(10)
Redeemed number of units	(1 100)	(400)
Ending number of units	500	400

	2018	2017
USD Units		
Opening units	50	50
Issued number of units	450	–
Reinvested number of units	–	1
Units consolidated*	–	(1)
Redeemed number of units	(350)	–
Ending number of units	150	50

* The units of the ETF are consolidated immediately after a distribution is reinvested so that the total number of units outstanding of the ETF after consolidation is the same as before the distribution.

Transaction costs (\$000s except %)

Transaction costs, including brokerage commissions, in consideration of portfolio transactions for the periods ended:

	December 31 2018		December 31 2017	
	\$	%	\$	%
Total transaction costs	134	100	25	100
Related-party brokerage commissions*	–	–	–	–
Commission arrangements [†]	–	–	–	–

* See note 9 in the generic notes.

[†] Commission arrangements are part of commission amounts paid to dealers. The ETF uses commission arrangements (formerly known as "soft dollars") for research and/or order execution goods and services.

Securities lending revenue (\$000s except %) (see note 8 in the generic notes)

Fair value of securities on loan and collateral received as at:

	December 31 2018	December 31 2017
Fair value of securities loaned	2 187	661
Fair value of collateral received	2 231	674



December 31, 2018

The table below provides a reconciliation of the gross revenue generated from the securities lending transactions of the ETF to the securities lending revenue disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

	December 31 2018		December 31 2017	
	\$	%	\$	%
Gross revenue	3	100	–	100
RBC IS (paid)	(1)	(25)	–	(27)
Tax withheld	–	(5)	–	(1)
ETF revenue	2	70	–	72

Investments by other related investment funds (%)
(see note 9 in the generic notes)

The table below summarizes, as a percentage, the NAV of the ETF owned by other related investment funds as at:

	December 31 2018		December 31 2017	
	RBC Strategic Global Equity Leaders ETF	2.3	2.0	

December 31, 2018

1. The ETFs

The RBC ETFs, the exchange-traded funds (“ETF” or “ETFs”), are open-ended mutual fund trusts governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario and governed by a Master Declaration of Trust. RBC GAM is the manager, trustee and portfolio manager of the ETFs and its head office is located at 155 Wellington Street West, 22nd Floor, Toronto, Ontario. These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors of RBC GAM on March 11, 2019.

The units of the ETFs are listed either on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “TSX”) or on the Aequitas NEO Exchange (the “NEO Exchange”) as the case may be. The TSX and the NEO Exchange are each referred to herein as the “Exchange.” Investors may purchase or sell units on the applicable Exchange in the same way as other securities listed on the Exchange.

ETF	Exchange Ticker Symbol	Index*
RBC 1-5 Year Laddered Canadian Bond ETF	RLB	Not applicable
RBC 1-5 Year Laddered Corporate Bond ETF	RBO	Not applicable
RBC 6-10 Year Laddered Canadian Corporate Bond ETF	RMBO	Not applicable
RBC Target 2019 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RQG	FTSE Canada 2019 Maturity Corporate Bond Index
RBC Target 2020 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RQH	FTSE Canada 2020 Maturity Corporate Bond Index
RBC Target 2021 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RQI	FTSE Canada 2021 Maturity Corporate Bond Index
RBC Target 2022 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RQJ	FTSE Canada 2022 Maturity Corporate Bond Index
RBC Target 2023 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RQK	FTSE Canada 2023 Maturity Corporate Bond Index
RBC Target 2024 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RQL	FTSE Canada 2024 Maturity Corporate Bond Index
RBC Target 2025 Corporate Bond Index ETF	RQN	FTSE Canada 2025 Maturity Corporate Bond Index
RBC PH&N Short Term Canadian Bond ETF	RPSB	Not applicable
RBC Canadian Short Term Bond Index ETF	RCSB	FTSE Canada Universe + Maple Short Term Overall Bond Index
RBC Canadian Bond Index ETF	RCUB	FTSE Canada Universe + Maple Bond Index
RBC Short Term U.S. Corporate Bond ETF	RUSB RUSB.U	Not applicable
RBC Global Government Bond (CAD Hedged) Index ETF	RGGB	FTSE World Government Bond Index (hedged to CAD)

ETF	Exchange Ticker Symbol	Index*
RBC BlueBay Global Diversified Income (CAD Hedged) ETF	RBDI	Not applicable
RBC Canadian Preferred Share ETF	RPF	Not applicable
RBC Quant Canadian Dividend Leaders ETF	RCD	Not applicable
RBC Quant Canadian Equity Leaders ETF	RCE	Not applicable
RBC Canadian Equity Index ETF	RCAN	FTSE Canada All Cap Domestic Index
RBC Vision Women’s Leadership MSCI Canada Index ETF	RLDR	MSCI Canada IMI Women’s Leadership Select Index
RBC Canadian Bank Yield Index ETF	RBNK	Solactive Canada Bank Yield Index
RBC Quant U.S. Dividend Leaders ETF	RUD RUD.U	Not applicable
RBC Quant U.S. Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	RUDH	Not applicable
RBC Quant U.S. Equity Leaders ETF	RUE RUE.U	Not applicable
RBC Quant U.S. Equity Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	RUEH	Not applicable
RBC U.S. Equity Index ETF	RUSA	FTSE USA Index
RBC U.S. Equity (CAD Hedged) Index ETF	RUSH	FTSE USA Hedged 100% to CAD Index
RBC U.S. Banks Yield Index ETF	RUBY RUBY.U	Solactive U.S. Bank Yield Index
RBC U.S. Banks Yield (CAD Hedged) Index ETF	RUBH	Solactive U.S. Bank Yield (CAD Hedged) Index
RBC Quant European Dividend Leaders ETF	RPD RPD.U	Not applicable
RBC Quant European Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	RPDH	Not applicable
RBC Quant EAFE Dividend Leaders ETF	RID RID.U	Not applicable
RBC Quant EAFE Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	RIDH	Not applicable
RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders ETF	RIE RIE.U	Not applicable
RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF	RIEH	Not applicable
RBC International Equity Index ETF	RINT	FTSE Developed ex North America Index
RBC International Equity (CAD Hedged) Index ETF	RINH	FTSE Developed ex North America Index (hedged to CAD)

ETF	Exchange Ticker Symbol	Index*
RBC Quant Emerging Markets Dividend Leaders ETF	RXD RXD.U	Not applicable
RBC Quant Emerging Markets Equity Leaders ETF	RXE RXE.U	Not applicable
RBC Emerging Markets Equity Index ETF	REEM	FTSE Emerging Index
RBC Strategic Global Dividend Leaders ETF	RLD	Not applicable
RBC Strategic Global Equity Leaders ETF	RLE	Not applicable
RBC Quant Global Infrastructure Leaders ETF	RIG RIG.U	Not applicable
RBC Quant Global Real Estate Leaders ETF	RGRE RGRE.U	Not applicable

* These indices have been licensed for use for certain purposes to RBC GAM by FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc., FTSE International Limited, FTSE Fixed Income LLC, Solactive AG and MSCI Inc. (each an "Index Provider" and together, the "Index Providers"), as applicable. The ETFs are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by the Index Providers. The Index Providers make no warranty or representation whatsoever, expressly or impliedly, either as to the results to be obtained from the use of the indices they have licensed to RBC GAM and/or the figures at which the indices they have licensed to RBC GAM stand at any particular time on any particular day or otherwise. The indices are compiled, calculated and published by the applicable Index Provider. The Index Providers shall not be liable (whether in negligence or otherwise) to any person for any error in the indices they have licensed to RBC GAM and the Index Providers shall not be under any obligation to advise any person of any error therein. The Index Providers make no representation regarding the advisability of investing in the ETFs.

2. Financial year

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is as at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, as applicable, and for the 12-month periods ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, as applicable, except for ETFs or classes established during either period, in which case the information for the ETF or class, is provided for the period from the start date as described in the Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information of the ETF.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The significant accounting policies of the ETFs, which are investment entities, are as follows:

Adoption of New Accounting Standards Effective January 1, 2018, the ETFs adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The new standard requires financial assets to be classified as amortized cost and fair value, with changes in fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL") or fair value

through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Assessment and decision on the business model approach used is an accounting judgment. IFRS 9 also introduces a new expected credit loss impairment model.

The adoption of IFRS 9 has been applied retrospectively without the use of hindsight and did not result in a change to the measurement of financial instruments, in either the current or comparative period. The ETFs' financial assets previously designated at FVTPL under IAS 39 Financial Instruments are now mandatorily classified and measured at FVTPL. The ETFs' financial assets and liabilities previously classified as FVTPL under the held for trading category continue to be classified as held for trading and measured at FVTPL. Other financial assets and liabilities will continue to be measured at amortized cost. There was no material impact on the adoption of the new impairment model.

In addition, certain comparative figures in the Statements of Comprehensive Income have been revised to meet the disclosure requirements on initial application of IFRS 9. Amounts previously recorded as "Net gain (loss) on foreign currencies and other net assets," "Other derivatives" and "Net gain (loss) from futures contracts" are now recorded as "Derivative income." And certain amounts previously recorded as "Other income (loss)" are now recorded as "Income from investment trusts."

Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets, Liabilities and Derivatives Each of the ETFs classify their investment portfolio based on the business model for managing the portfolio and the contractual cash flow characteristics. The investment portfolio of financial assets and liabilities is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The contractual cash flows of the ETFs' debt securities that are solely principal and interest are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the ETFs' business model objectives. Consequently, all investments are measured at FVTPL. Derivative assets and liabilities are also measured at FVTPL.

The ETFs' obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is measured at the redemption amount, which approximates fair value as of the reporting date. All other financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortized cost.

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Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities In the normal course of business, the ETFs may enter into various International Swaps and Derivatives Association master netting agreements or other similar arrangements with certain counterparties that allow for related amounts to be offset in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of contracts. Offsetting information, where applicable, is presented in the Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information.

Classification of Redeemable Units The ETFs' redeemable units, which are puttable instruments, are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Consequently, the ETFs' outstanding redeemable units are classified as financial liabilities in accordance with the requirements of IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

Unconsolidated Structured Entities The ETFs may invest in other Funds and ETFs managed by the manager or an affiliate of the manager ("sponsored funds") and may invest in other funds and ETFs managed by unaffiliated entities ("unsponsored funds"); collectively, "underlying funds." The underlying funds are determined to be unconsolidated structured entities, as decision making in the underlying fund is not governed by the voting rights or other similar rights held by the ETF. The investments in underlying funds are subject to the terms and conditions of the offering documents of the respective underlying funds and are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of those underlying funds. The underlying funds' objectives are generally to achieve long-term capital appreciation and/or current income by investing in a portfolio of securities and other funds in line with each of their documented investment strategies. The underlying funds apply various investment strategies to accomplish their respective investment objectives.

The underlying funds finance their operations by issuing redeemable units which are puttable at the unitholder's option, and entitle the unitholder to a proportional stake in the respective underlying funds' NAV.

The ETFs do not consolidate their investment in underlying funds but account for these investments at fair value. The manager has determined that the ETFs are investment entities in accordance with IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, since the ETFs meet the following criteria:

- (i) The ETFs obtain capital from one or more investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment management services,
- (ii) The ETFs commit to their investors that their business purpose is to invest funds solely for the returns from capital appreciation, investment income or both, and
- (iii) The ETFs measure and evaluate the performance of substantially all of their investments on a fair value basis.

Therefore, the fair value of investments in the underlying funds is included in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and included in "Investments at fair value" in the ETFs' Statements of Financial Position. The change in fair value of the investment held in the underlying funds is included in "Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Certain ETFs may invest in mortgage-related or other asset-backed securities. These securities include commercial mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, collateralized debt obligations and other securities that directly or indirectly represent a participation in, or are securitized by and payable from, mortgage loans on real property. Mortgage-related securities are created from pools of residential or commercial mortgage loans while asset-backed securities are created from many types of assets, including auto loans, credit card receivables, home equity loans and student loans. The ETFs account for these investments at fair value. The fair value of such securities, as disclosed in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio, represents the maximum exposure to losses at that date.

Determination of Fair Value The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the financial instrument could be exchanged in an arm's-length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties under no compulsion to act. In determining fair value, a three-tier hierarchy based on inputs is used to value the ETFs' financial instruments. The hierarchy of inputs is summarized below:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices), including broker quotes, vendor prices and vendor fair value factors; and

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Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level.

Investments and derivatives are recorded at fair value, which is determined as follows:

Equities – Common shares and preferred shares are valued at the closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded. In circumstances where the closing price is not within the bid-ask spread, management will determine the points within the bid-ask spread that are most representative of the fair value.

Fixed-Income and Debt Securities – Bonds and mortgage-backed securities are valued at the closing price quoted by major dealers or independent pricing vendors in such securities.

Short-Term Investments – Short-term investments are valued at fair value, which is approximated at cost plus accrued interest.

Warrants – Warrants are valued using a recognized option pricing model, which includes factors such as the terms of the warrant, time value of money and volatility inputs that are significant to such valuation.

Forward Contracts – Forward contracts are valued at the gain or loss that would arise as a result of closing the position at the valuation date. The receivable/payable on forward contracts is recorded separately in the Statements of Financial Position. Any unrealized gain or loss at the close of business on each valuation date is recorded as "Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments" and realized gain or loss on foreign exchange contracts is included in "Derivative income" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Fair Valuation of Investments – The ETFs have procedures to determine the fair value of securities and other financial instruments for which market prices are not readily available or which may not be reliably priced. Procedures are in place to determine the fair value of foreign securities traded in countries outside of North America daily to avoid stale prices and to take into account, among other things, any significant events occurring after the close of a foreign market.

Management also has procedures where the ETFs primarily employ a market-based approach, which may use related or comparable assets or liabilities, NAV per unit (for exchange-traded funds), recent transactions, market multiples, book

values and other relevant information for the investment to determine its fair value. The ETFs may also use an income-based valuation approach in which the anticipated future cash flows of the investment are discounted to calculate fair value. Discounts may also be applied due to the nature or duration of any restrictions on the disposition of the investments, but only if they arise as a feature of the instrument itself. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuations of such investments, the fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had an active market existed.

All security valuation techniques are periodically reviewed by the Valuation Committee ("VC") of the manager and are approved by the manager. The VC provides oversight of the ETFs' valuation policies and procedures.

Cash Cash is comprised of cash and deposits with banks and is recorded at amortized cost. The carrying amount of cash approximates its fair value because it is short term in nature.

Foreign Exchange The value of investments and other assets and liabilities in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange on each valuation date. Gains/losses on foreign cash balances are included in "Net gain (loss) on foreign cash balances" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Purchases and sales of investments, income and expenses are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Realized foreign exchange gains/losses on spot and forward currency contracts are included in "Derivative income" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Functional Currency The ETFs have their subscriptions, redemptions and performance denominated in Canadian dollars and, consequently, the Canadian dollar is the functional currency for the ETFs.

Investment Transactions Investment transactions are accounted for as of the trade date. Transaction costs, such as brokerage commissions, incurred by the ETFs are recorded in the Statements of Comprehensive Income for the period. The unrealized gain and loss on investments is the difference between fair value and average cost for the period. The basis of determining the cost of portfolio assets, and realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, is average cost which does not include amortization of premiums or discounts on fixed-income and debt securities with the exception of zero coupon bonds.

Income Recognition Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date and interest for distribution purposes is coupon interest recognized on an accrual basis and/or imputed interest on zero coupon bonds. “Income from investment trusts” includes income from ETFs and income trusts.

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit in the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, divided by the average units outstanding during the period.

Foreign Currencies The following is a list of abbreviations used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

AUD – Australian dollar	JPY – Japanese yen
CAD – Canadian dollar	MXN – Mexican peso
CHF – Swiss franc	NOK – Norwegian krone
DKK – Danish krone	PLN – Polish zloty
EUR – Euro	SEK – Swedish krona
GBP – Pound sterling	SGD – Singapore dollar
HKD – Hong Kong dollar	USD – United States dollar
ILS – Israeli new shekel	ZAR – South African rand

4. Critical accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of judgment in applying the ETFs’ accounting policies and making estimates and assumptions about the future. The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates that management has made in preparing the financial statements.

Fair value measurement of securities not quoted in an active market

The ETFs have established policies and control procedures that are intended to ensure these estimates are well controlled, independently reviewed and consistently applied from period to period. The estimates of the value of the ETFs’ assets and liabilities are believed to be appropriate as at the reporting date.

The ETFs may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets. Note 3 discusses the policies used by management for the estimates used in determining fair value.

5. Financial instrument risk and capital management

RBC GAM is responsible for managing each ETF’s capital, which is its NAV and consists primarily of its financial instruments.

An ETF’s investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. RBC GAM seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on an ETF’s performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio managers, daily monitoring of the ETF’s holdings and market events and diversifying its investment portfolio within the constraints of its investment objectives. To assist in managing risks, RBC GAM also uses internal guidelines, maintains a governance structure that oversees each ETF’s investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF’s investment strategies, internal guidelines and securities regulations.

Financial instrument risk, as applicable to an ETF, is disclosed in its Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information. These risks include an ETF’s direct risks and pro rata exposure to the risks of underlying funds, as applicable.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that investments in an ETF cannot be readily converted into cash when required. An ETF is exposed to liquidity risk to the extent that it is subject to daily redemptions of redeemable units. Since the delivery of redemptions is in the form of securities, an ETF is not exposed to any significant liquidity risk. Liquidity risk is managed by investing the majority of an ETF’s assets in investments that are traded in an active market and that can be readily disposed. In accordance with securities regulation, an ETF must maintain at least 90% of its assets in liquid investments. In addition, an ETF aims to retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain liquidity, and has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its NAV. All non-derivative financial liabilities, other than redeemable units, are due within 90 days.

Any securities deemed to be illiquid are identified in the Schedules of Investment Portfolio.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a loss could arise from a security issuer or counterparty not being able to meet its financial obligations. The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as disclosed in an ETF’s Statements of Financial Position. The ETFs measure credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. All other receivables, amounts due from brokers, cash and short-term deposits are held with counterparties with a credit rating of AA/Aa or higher. Management

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considers the probability of default to be close to zero as the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognized based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the ETFs. The fair value of fixed-income securities includes a consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer. Credit risk exposure is mitigated for those ETFs participating in a securities lending program (see note 8). RBC GAM monitors each ETF's credit exposure and counterparty ratings daily. Rating data is provided by the Licensor Parties.

Concentration risk

Concentration risk arises as a result of net financial instrument exposures to the same category, such as geographical region, asset type, industry sector or market segment. Financial instruments in the same category have similar characteristics and may be affected similarly by changes in economic or other conditions.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of an ETF's interest-bearing investments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The value of fixed-income and debt securities, such as bonds, is affected by interest rates. Generally, the value of these securities increases if interest rates fall and decreases if interest rates rise.

Securities with a stated maturity date beyond the target maturity year of the ETF have an effective maturity date in the target year of the ETF, as determined with the rules based on methodology developed by the Licensor Parties.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of investments denominated in currencies, other than the functional currency of a Fund, will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The value of investments denominated in a currency other than the functional currency is affected by changes in the value of the functional currency in relation to the value of the currency in which the investment is denominated. When the value of the functional currency falls in relation to foreign currencies, then the value of the foreign investments rises. When the value of the functional currency rises, the value of the foreign investments falls.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market

prices (other than those arising from interest rate or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment.

6. Redeemable units

The beneficial interest in the ETFs is divided into equal interests of one class referred to as outstanding units. Each ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable and transferable units, each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net asset value of the ETF. Each unit outstanding shall participate pro rata in any distributions made, other than management fee distributions, and in the event of termination of the ETF, in the net assets of the ETF.

On any trading day, an underwriter or designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for an integral multiple of the prescribed number of units of an ETF. If the order is accepted, the ETF will issue or redeem units to or from the underwriter or designated broker within two trading days thereafter. For each prescribed number of units issued or redeemed, the underwriter or designated broker must deliver or receive payment consisting of:

- a) a basket of applicable securities for each prescribed number of units; and
- b) cash in an amount sufficient so that the value of the basket of the applicable securities and cash delivered is equal to the net asset value of the prescribed number of units plus the distribution price adjustment, if applicable, of the ETF.

A trading day is each day on which the TSX is open for trading.

A unitholder is entitled on any trading day to redeem units for cash at a redemption price of 95% of net asset value per unit of the ETF's units at the next valuation following receipt of the cash redemption request. To be effective on a particular trading day, a cash redemption request must be received by such time as RBC GAM may, from time to time, determine on that trading day. If a cash redemption request is received later than the prescribed time on a trading day or a day which is not a trading day, the cash redemption request shall be deemed to be received as of the next trading day.

The net asset value per unit is arrived at by dividing the net asset value of the ETF by the total number of units outstanding at the end of each trading day of the ETF. The capital of the ETFs is managed in accordance with the investment objective as outlined in the Prospectus.

7. Taxes

The ETFs qualify as “mutual fund trusts” or “unit trusts” as defined in the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). In general, the ETFs are subject to income tax; however, no income tax is payable on net income and/or net realized capital gains which are distributed to unitholders. Since the ETFs do not record income taxes, the tax benefit of capital and non-capital losses has not been reflected in the Statements of Financial Position as a deferred income tax asset. In addition, for mutual fund trusts, income taxes payable on net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the ETFs are redeemed. It is the intention of the ETFs to pay out all net income and realized capital gains each year so that the ETFs will not be subject to income taxes.

Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is recorded.

Net investment income and capital gains are distributable to the unitholders in amounts determined under the provisions of the Declaration of Trust on a monthly or quarterly basis. All distributions, other than management fee distributions, shall be credited to the unitholder pro rata in accordance with the number of units held by them on record date of the distribution. Reinvested distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional units of the applicable class of the RBC ETF at a price equal to the net asset value per unit of the applicable class of the RBC ETF. The units of that class will be immediately consolidated such that the number of outstanding units of the applicable class following the distribution will equal the number of units of the applicable class outstanding prior to the distribution. Management fee distributions shall be credited to the unitholder entitled thereto.

Capital losses are available to be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains. Non-capital losses may be carried forward to reduce future taxable income for up to 20 years.

8. Securities lending revenue

Certain of the ETFs lend portfolio securities from time to time in order to earn additional income. Income from securities lending is included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income of the ETF. Each ETF will have entered into a securities lending agreement with its custodian, RBC Investor Services Trust (“RBC IS”). The aggregate market value of all securities loaned by an ETF cannot exceed 50% of the assets of an ETF. The ETF receives collateral, with an approved credit rating of at least A, of at least 102% of the value of the

securities on loan. The ETF is indemnified by RBC IS for any collateral credit or market loss. As such, the credit risk associated with securities lending is considered minimal.

9. Administrative and other related-party transactions

Manager, Trustee and Portfolio Manager

RBC GAM is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Royal Bank of Canada (“Royal Bank”). RBC GAM is the manager, trustee and portfolio manager of the ETFs. RBC GAM is responsible for the ETFs’ day-to-day operations, holds title to the ETFs’ property on behalf of its unitholders, provides investment advice and portfolio management services to the ETFs and appoints underwriters or designated brokers for the ETFs. RBC GAM is paid a management fee by the ETFs as compensation for its services. The management fee is calculated and accrued on a daily basis and is based on a percentage of the NAV of the ETFs. The fee plus applicable taxes are accrued daily and paid monthly in arrears.

RBC GAM in turn pays certain operating expenses of the ETFs. These expenses include regulatory filing fees and other day-to-day operating expenses including, but not limited to, recordkeeping, accounting and fund valuation costs, custody fees, audit and legal fees and the cost of preparing and distributing annual and interim reports, prospectuses and investor communications. The ETFs also pay certain operating expenses directly, including the costs related to the Independent Review Committee of the ETFs and the cost of any new government or regulatory requirements introduced and any borrowing costs (collectively, “other fund costs”), and taxes (including, but not limited to, GST/HST).

Certain ETFs may invest in units of other Funds managed by RBC GAM or its affiliates (“underlying funds”). To the extent an ETF invests in underlying funds managed by RBC GAM or its affiliates, the fees and expenses payable by the underlying funds are in addition to the fees and expenses payable by the ETF. However, an ETF may only invest in one or more underlying funds provided that no management fees or incentive fees are payable that would duplicate a fee payable by the underlying fund for the same service. The ETF’s ownership interest in underlying funds is disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information. The fees and expenses payable by the underlying funds are in addition to the fees and expenses payable by the ETF.

RBC GAM or its affiliates may earn fees and spreads in connection with various services provided to, or transactions

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with, the ETFs, such as banking, brokerage, securities lending, foreign exchange and derivatives transactions. RBC GAM or its affiliates may earn a foreign exchange spread when unitholders switch between ETFs denominated in different currencies. The ETFs also maintain bank accounts and overdraft provisions with Royal Bank for which Royal Bank may earn a fee. Affiliates of RBC GAM that provide services to the ETFs in the course of their normal business, all of which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Royal Bank of Canada, are discussed below.

Sub-Advisors

RBC Global Asset Management (U.S.) Inc. is the sub-advisor for the RBC Short Term U.S. Corporate Bond ETF. BlueBay Asset Management LLP is the sub-advisor for the RBC BlueBay Global Diversified Income (CAD Hedged) ETF.

The sub-advisors earn a fee which is calculated and accrued on a daily basis and is based on a percentage of the NAV of the ETFs. The sub-advisors are paid by the manager from the management fee paid by the ETFs.

Custodian and Valuation Agent

RBC IS is the custodian and valuation agent for the ETFs. RBC IS is responsible for certain aspects of day-to-day administration including holding the assets and the daily calculation of the net asset value of the ETFs. RBC IS earns a variable fee based on the value of assets under custody and a fixed fee for other valuation and administrative services.

Designated Broker and Authorized Dealer

RBC Dominion Securities Inc. is a designated broker and/or an authorized dealer for the ETFs. As such, RBC Dominion Securities Inc. may subscribe or redeem units of the ETFs.

Brokers and Dealers

The ETFs have established or may establish standard brokerage agreements and dealing agreements at market rates with related parties such as RBC Dominion Securities Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC, RBC Europe Limited, NBC Securities Inc. and Royal Bank of Canada.

Securities Lending Agent

To the extent an ETF may engage in securities lending transactions, RBC IS may act as the ETF's securities lending agent. Any revenue earned on such securities lending is split between the ETF and the securities lending agent.

Other Related-Party Transactions

Pursuant to applicable securities legislation, the ETFs relied on the standing instructions from the Independent Review Committee with respect to the following related-party transactions:

Related-Party Trading Activities

- (a) trades in securities of Royal Bank;
- (b) investments in the securities of issuers for which a related-party dealer acted as an underwriter during the distribution of such securities and the 60-day period following the conclusion of such distribution of the underwritten securities to the public; and
- (c) purchases of debt securities from or sales of debt securities to a related-party dealer, where it acted as principal.

The applicable standing instructions require that Related-Party Trading Activities be conducted in accordance with RBC GAM policy and that RBC GAM advise the Independent Review Committee of a material breach of any standing instruction. RBC GAM policy requires that an investment decision in respect of Related-Party Trading Activities (i) is made free from any influence of Royal Bank or its associates or affiliates and without taking into account any consideration relevant to Royal Bank or its affiliates or associates, (ii) represents the business judgment of the portfolio manager, uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of the ETFs, (iii) is in compliance with RBC GAM policies and procedures, and (iv) achieves a fair and reasonable result for the ETFs.

10. Revision of comparative information

Where applicable, certain comparative figures on the Statements of Financial Position, Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in NAV and ETF Specific Information have been revised to reflect series specific information for the following ETFs:

RBC Short Term U.S. Corporate Bond ETF, RBC Quant U.S. Dividend Leaders ETF, RBC Quant U.S. Equity Leaders ETF, RBC Quant European Dividend Leaders ETF, RBC Quant EAFE Dividend Leaders ETF, RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders ETF, RBC Quant Emerging Markets Dividend Leaders ETF, RBC Quant Emerging Markets Equity Leaders ETF, RBC Quant Global Infrastructure Leaders ETF and RBC Quant Global Real Estate Leaders ETF.