

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by RBC Global Asset Management Inc. ("RBC GAM") as manager of the RBC ETFs (the "ETFs") and approved by the Board of Directors of RBC GAM. We are responsible for the information contained within the financial statements.

We have maintained appropriate procedures and controls to ensure that timely and reliable financial information is produced. The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") (and they include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgments). The significant accounting policies, which we believe are appropriate for the ETFs, are described in Note 3 to the financial statements.



Damon G. Williams, FSA, FCIA, CFA
Chief Executive Officer
RBC Global Asset Management Inc.

May 10, 2021



Heidi Johnston, CPA, CA
Chief Financial Officer
RBC GAM Funds

Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying interim financial statements have not been reviewed by the external auditors of the ETFs. The external auditors will be auditing the annual financial statements of the ETFs in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.



SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (unaudited) (in \$000s)
RBC QUANT EAFE EQUITY LEADERS ETF

March 31, 2021

| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|-------------------------------|--|-------|------------|-----------------|
| INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES | | | | |
| Communication Services | | | | |
| 1 984 | Auto Trader Group Plc. | \$ 19 | \$ 19 | |
| 2 341 | Bollore S.A. | 13 | 14 | |
| 6 056 | BT Group Plc. | 14 | 16 | |
| 200 | Capcom Co. Ltd. | 8 | 8 | |
| 20 | Iliad S.A. | 5 | 5 | |
| 400 | Kakaku.com Inc. | 13 | 14 | |
| 1 600 | KDDI Corporation | 62 | 62 | |
| 100 | Konami Holdings Corp. | 9 | 7 | |
| 6 157 | Koninklijke KPN N.V. | 23 | 26 | |
| 500 | Nexon Co. Ltd. | 9 | 20 | |
| 500 | Nippon Telegraph & Telephone Corp. | 17 | 16 | |
| 1 028 | Orange S.A. | 16 | 16 | |
| 717 | Pearson Plc. | 10 | 10 | |
| 262 | Proximus | 7 | 7 | |
| 186 | Publicis Groupe | 14 | 14 | |
| 196 | REA Group Ltd. | 20 | 27 | |
| 105 | Scout24 AG | 11 | 10 | |
| 515 | SES S.A., Subscription Receipts | 4 | 5 | |
| 6 000 | Singapore Telecommunications Ltd. | 14 | 14 | |
| 2 100 | Softbank Corp. | 36 | 34 | |
| 25 786 | Telecom Italia S.p.A. | 15 | 18 | |
| 7 444 | Telefonica Deutschland Holding AG | 27 | 27 | |
| 5 137 | Telefonica S.A. | 56 | 29 | |
| 1 236 | Telenor ASA | 27 | 27 | |
| 6 158 | Telstra Corp. Ltd. | 18 | 20 | |
| 100 | Toho Co. Ltd. | 5 | 5 | |
| 141 | UBISOFT Entertainment | 18 | 14 | |
| 186 | United Internet AG | 11 | 9 | |
| 13 072 | Vodafone Group Plc. | 30 | 30 | |
| 941 | WPP Plc. | 10 | 15 | |
| 2 000 | Z Holdings Corp. | 16 | 13 | |
| | | 557 | 551 | 4.8 |
| Consumer Discretionary | | | | |
| 52 | Adidas AG | 21 | 20 | |
| 200 | Aisin Seiki Co. Ltd. | 9 | 10 | |
| 555 | Aristocrat Leisure Ltd. | 13 | 18 | |
| 929 | Barratt Developments Plc. | 11 | 12 | |
| 513 | Bayerische Motoren Werke (BMW) AG | 48 | 67 | |
| 400 | Bridgestone Corp. | 18 | 20 | |
| 600 | Casio Computer Co., Ltd. | 13 | 14 | |
| 137 | Cie Financiere Richemont S.A. | 17 | 17 | |
| 232 | Cie Generale des Etablissements Michelin SCA | 34 | 44 | |
| 182 | Continental AG | 23 | 30 | |
| 776 | Daimler AG | 51 | 87 | |
| 506 | Electrolux AB | 16 | 18 | |
| 49 | EssilorLuxottica | 10 | 10 | |
| 130 | Evolution Gaming Group AB | 12 | 24 | |
| 3 000 | Galaxy Entertainment Group Ltd. | 27 | 34 | |

| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Consumer Discretionary (cont.) | | | | |
| 18 100 | Genting Singapore Ltd. | \$ 19 | \$ 16 | |
| 179 | HelloFresh SE | 20 | 17 | |
| 13 | Hermes International | 16 | 18 | |
| 1 200 | Honda Motor Co. Ltd. | 41 | 45 | |
| 866 | Husqvarna AB | 12 | 16 | |
| 1 600 | Iida Group Holdings Co. Ltd. | 45 | 49 | |
| 1 586 | Inditex S.A. | 58 | 66 | |
| 186 | InterContinental Hotels Group Plc. | 14 | 16 | |
| 1 650 | JD Sports Fashion Plc. | 23 | 24 | |
| 22 | Kering S.A. | 18 | 19 | |
| 3 040 | Kingfisher Plc. | 15 | 17 | |
| 100 | Koito Manufacturing CO., Ltd. | 10 | 8 | |
| 161 | LVMH Louis Vuitton Moet-Hennessy | 97 | 136 | |
| 257 | Next Plc. | 21 | 35 | |
| 2 000 | Nissan Motor Co. Ltd. | 15 | 14 | |
| 100 | Oriental Land Co. Ltd. | 22 | 19 | |
| 1 600 | Panasonic Corp. | 27 | 26 | |
| 201 | Pandora A/S | 10 | 27 | |
| 100 | Puma SE | 13 | 12 | |
| 1 300 | Rakuten Inc. | 17 | 20 | |
| 1 300 | Sekisui House Ltd. | 36 | 35 | |
| 800 | Sony Corp. | 57 | 107 | |
| 700 | Subaru Corp. | 18 | 18 | |
| 1 800 | Sumitomo Electric Industries Ltd. | 28 | 34 | |
| 300 | Suzuki Motor Co. Ltd. | 19 | 17 | |
| 3 059 | Tabcorp Holdings Ltd. | 14 | 14 | |
| 900 | Toyota Motor Corp. | 83 | 88 | |
| 800 | USS Co. Ltd. | 20 | 20 | |
| 839 | Wesfarmers Ltd. | 35 | 42 | |
| 7 600 | Wynn Macau Ltd. | 23 | 19 | |
| 105 | Zalando SE | 16 | 13 | |
| 500 | ZOZO Inc. | 21 | 19 | |
| | | 1 206 | 1 451 | 12.6 |
| Consumer Staples | | | | |
| 3 233 | a2 Milk Co. Ltd. | 34 | 25 | |
| 1 300 | Aeon Co. Ltd. | 41 | 49 | |
| 488 | Anheuser-Busch InBev S.A./N.V. | 42 | 39 | |
| 1 174 | British American Tobacco Plc. | 61 | 56 | |
| 1 396 | Coca-Cola Amatil Ltd. | 15 | 18 | |
| 392 | Coles Group Ltd. | 7 | 6 | |
| 195 | Colruyt S.A. | 15 | 15 | |
| 1 793 | Diageo Plc. | 73 | 93 | |
| 328 | Groupe Danone | 28 | 28 | |
| 79 | Heineken N.V. | 10 | 10 | |
| 32 | Henkel AG & Co KGaA | 4 | 5 | |
| 1 176 | Imperial Brands Plc. | 54 | 30 | |
| 2 200 | Japan Tobacco Inc. | 60 | 53 | |
| 578 | Jeronimo Martins SGPS S.A. | 12 | 12 | |
| 400 | KAO Corp. | 39 | 33 | |
| 157 | Kerry Group Plc. | 20 | 25 | |
| 265 | Kesko OYJ | 9 | 10 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



March 31, 2021

| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Consumer Staples (cont.) | | | | |
| 414 | Koninklijke Ahold Delhaize N.V. | \$ 14 | \$ 15 | |
| 400 | Lion Corp. | 11 | 10 | |
| 211 | L'Oréal S.A. | 59 | 102 | |
| 1 735 | Nestlé S.A. | 208 | 244 | |
| 76 | Pernod Ricard S.A. | 19 | 18 | |
| 300 | Pigeon Corp. | 16 | 14 | |
| 300 | Pola Orbis Holdings Inc. | 9 | 9 | |
| 611 | Reckitt Benckiser Plc. | 68 | 69 | |
| 600 | Seven & I Holdings Co. Ltd. | 28 | 30 | |
| 200 | Suntory Beverage & Food Ltd. | 12 | 9 | |
| 468 | Swedish Match AB | 39 | 46 | |
| 300 | Toyo Suisan Kaisha Ltd. | 20 | 16 | |
| 700 | Uni-Charm Corporation | 41 | 37 | |
| 300 | Welcia Holdings Co. Ltd. | 16 | 13 | |
| 15 000 | WH Group Ltd. | 17 | 15 | |
| 1 400 | Wilmar International Ltd. | 7 | 7 | |
| 192 | Woolworths Group Ltd. | 7 | 8 | |
| 300 | Yamazaki Baking Co. Ltd. | 8 | 6 | |
| | | 1 123 | 1 175 | 10.2 |
| Energy | | | | |
| 312 | Ampol Ltd. | 8 | 7 | |
| 12 850 | BP Plc. | 120 | 66 | |
| 4 100 | ENEOS Holdings Inc. | 24 | 23 | |
| 1 977 | ENI S.p.A. | 28 | 31 | |
| 606 | Equinor ASA | 14 | 15 | |
| 700 | Lundin Energy AB | 27 | 28 | |
| 259 | Neste OYJ | 23 | 17 | |
| 474 | Repsol S.A. | 7 | 7 | |
| 4 070 | Royal Dutch Shell Plc., B Shares | 177 | 94 | |
| 978 | Santos Ltd. | 7 | 7 | |
| 1 396 | Tenaris S.A. | 20 | 20 | |
| 1 197 | Total S.A. | 81 | 70 | |
| 827 | Woodside Petroleum Ltd. | 17 | 19 | |
| | | 553 | 404 | 3.5 |
| Financials | | | | |
| 2 700 | Acom Co. Ltd. | 15 | 16 | |
| 622 | Admiral Group Plc. | 32 | 33 | |
| 246 | Ageas | 13 | 19 | |
| 408 | Allianz SE | 120 | 132 | |
| 3 633 | AMP Ltd. | 5 | 4 | |
| 361 | Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A. | 9 | 9 | |
| 249 | ASX Ltd. | 19 | 17 | |
| 1 200 | Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Ltd. | 24 | 32 | |
| 5 439 | Aviva Plc. | 39 | 38 | |
| 2 412 | AXA S.A. | 80 | 82 | |
| 6 127 | Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA | 41 | 40 | |
| 1 207 | Bank Leumi Le-Israel | 8 | 10 | |
| 12 667 | Barclays Plc. | 36 | 41 | |
| 12 178 | BCO Santander Central Hispano S.A. | 42 | 52 | |
| 977 | BNP Paribas S.A. | 72 | 75 | |
| 3 166 | CaixaBank S.A. | 11 | 12 | |
| 236 | CNP Assurances | 5 | 6 | |
| 1 358 | Commonwealth Bank of Australia | 78 | 113 | |
| 1 600 | Concordia Financial Group Ltd. | 8 | 8 | |

| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|---------------------------|---|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Financials (cont.) | | | | |
| 1 770 | Credit Agricole S.A. | \$ 34 | \$ 32 | |
| 797 | Credit Suisse Group | 9 | 11 | |
| 2 000 | DBS Group Holdings Ltd. | 46 | 54 | |
| 2 133 | Deutsche Bank AG | 28 | 32 | |
| 75 | Deutsche Boerse AG | 16 | 16 | |
| 618 | DnB ASA | 11 | 17 | |
| 142 | EXOR N.V. | 13 | 15 | |
| 1 554 | Hargreaves Lansdown Plc. | 48 | 42 | |
| 1 100 | Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Ltd. | 56 | 81 | |
| 9 658 | HSBC Holdings Plc. (U.K. Reg.) | 70 | 71 | |
| 2 002 | ING Groep N.V. | 28 | 31 | |
| 400 | Japan Exchange Group Inc. | 10 | 12 | |
| 500 | Japan Post Bank Co. Ltd. | 6 | 6 | |
| 1 300 | Japan Post Holdings Co. Ltd. | 14 | 15 | |
| 800 | Japan Post Insurance Co. Ltd. | 15 | 21 | |
| 210 | KBC Group NV | 14 | 19 | |
| 441 | Kinnevik AB | 27 | 27 | |
| 6 985 | Legal & General Group Plc. | 34 | 34 | |
| 24 541 | Lloyds TSB Group Plc. | 17 | 18 | |
| 7 825 | M&G Plc. | 25 | 28 | |
| 174 | Macquarie Group Ltd. | 24 | 25 | |
| 211 | Magellan Financial Group Ltd. | 10 | 9 | |
| 3 645 | Medibank Pvt Ltd. | 10 | 10 | |
| 8 800 | Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc. | 49 | 59 | |
| 2 530 | Mizuho Financial Group Inc. | 51 | 46 | |
| 131 | Muenchener Rueckversicherungs- Gesellschaft AG in Muenchen | 39 | 51 | |
| 5 300 | Nomura Holdings Inc. | 32 | 35 | |
| 1 524 | Nordea Bank Abp | 17 | 19 | |
| 500 | Orix Corp. | 10 | 11 | |
| 2 100 | Oversea-Chinese Banking Corp. | 21 | 23 | |
| 56 | Partners Group Holding AG | 76 | 90 | |
| 1 591 | Prudential Corporation Plc. | 46 | 43 | |
| 798 | Raiffeisen International Bank Holding AG | 29 | 22 | |
| 2 200 | Resona Holdings Inc. | 11 | 12 | |
| 200 | SBI Holdings Inc. | 8 | 7 | |
| 399 | Schroders Plc. | 20 | 24 | |
| 400 | Shinsei Bank Ltd. | 7 | 8 | |
| 500 | Singapore Exchange Ltd. | 4 | 5 | |
| 465 | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken | 7 | 7 | |
| 391 | Société Générale | 12 | 13 | |
| 22 | Sofina SA | 9 | 9 | |
| 300 | Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Holdings Inc. | 15 | 14 | |
| 373 | St James's Place Plc. | 7 | 8 | |
| 725 | Standard Chartered Plc. | 8 | 6 | |
| 1 100 | Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group Inc. | 54 | 50 | |
| 500 | Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Holdings Inc. | 22 | 22 | |
| 1 400 | T&D Holdings Inc. | 22 | 23 | |
| 600 | The Chiba Bank Ltd. | 4 | 5 | |
| 1 100 | The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Co. Ltd. | 23 | 24 | |
| 900 | The Shizuoka Bank Ltd. | 9 | 9 | |
| 300 | Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc. | 18 | 18 | |

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March 31, 2021

| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Financials (cont.) | | | | |
| 1 698 | UBS Group AG | \$ 32 | \$ 33 | |
| 900 | United Overseas Bank Ltd. | 19 | 22 | |
| 1 513 | Westpac Banking Corporation | 31 | 35 | |
| 60 | Zurich Insurance Group AG | 32 | 32 | |
| | | 1 966 | 2 150 | 18.6 |
| Health Care | | | | |
| 65 | Alcon Inc. | 6 | 6 | |
| 116 | Amplifon S.p.A. | 6 | 5 | |
| 1 300 | Astellas Pharma Inc. | 27 | 25 | |
| 825 | AstraZeneca Plc. | 106 | 104 | |
| 70 | BioMerieux | 13 | 11 | |
| 61 | Carl Zeiss Meditec AG | 9 | 12 | |
| 162 | Coloplast A/S | 24 | 31 | |
| 221 | CSL Ltd. | 61 | 56 | |
| 56 | DiaSorin S.p.A. | 14 | 11 | |
| 200 | Eisai Co. Ltd. | 20 | 17 | |
| 496 | Fisher & Paykel Healthcare Corp Ltd. | 16 | 14 | |
| 217 | Fresenius Medical Care AG & Co KGaA | 25 | 20 | |
| 215 | Fresenius SE & Co KGaA | 13 | 12 | |
| 92 | Genmab A/S | 43 | 38 | |
| 2 990 | GlaxoSmithKline Plc. | 73 | 67 | |
| 157 | GN Store Nord A/S | 18 | 16 | |
| 300 | Hoya Corp. | 27 | 44 | |
| 160 | Ipsen S.A. | 20 | 17 | |
| 770 | Koninklijke Philips N.V. | 52 | 55 | |
| 600 | Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co. Ltd. | 21 | 23 | |
| 10 | Lonza Group AG | 9 | 7 | |
| 300 | Mediceo Paltac Holdings Co. Ltd. | 8 | 7 | |
| 926 | Novartis AG | 98 | 100 | |
| 1 116 | Novo Nordisk A/S | 71 | 95 | |
| 1 200 | Olympus Optical Co. Ltd. | 23 | 31 | |
| 300 | Ono Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. | 11 | 10 | |
| 188 | Orion OYJ | 10 | 9 | |
| 300 | Otsuka Holdings Co. Ltd. | 17 | 16 | |
| 510 | Roche Holdings AG Genusscheine | 167 | 208 | |
| 571 | Sanofi | 72 | 71 | |
| 300 | Shionogi & Co. Ltd. | 23 | 20 | |
| 381 | Sonic Healthcare Ltd. | 13 | 13 | |
| 39 | Sonova Holding AG | 12 | 13 | |
| 1 100 | Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co. Ltd. | 23 | 24 | |
| 200 | Sysmex Corp. | 21 | 27 | |
| 1 000 | Takeda Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. | 47 | 45 | |
| 200 | Terumo Corp. | 10 | 9 | |
| | | 1 229 | 1 289 | 11.2 |
| Industrials | | | | |
| 796 | ABB Ltd. | 30 | 30 | |
| 12 | AP Moller - Maersk A/S | 20 | 35 | |
| 421 | Ashtead Group Plc. | 24 | 32 | |
| 111 | Assa Abloy AB | 4 | 4 | |
| 691 | Atlas Copco AB | 31 | 53 | |
| 4 744 | Aurizon Holdings Ltd. | 22 | 18 | |
| 2 074 | BAE Systems Plc. | 18 | 18 | |
| 244 | Bouygues S.A. | 11 | 12 | |

| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Industrials (cont.) | | | | |
| 1 790 | Brambles Ltd. | \$ 20 | \$ 18 | |
| 122 | Brenntag SE | 12 | 13 | |
| 314 | Bunzl Plc. | 13 | 13 | |
| 340 | Cie de Saint-Gobain | 22 | 25 | |
| 1 000 | CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. | 9 | 10 | |
| 1 073 | CNH Industrial N.V. | 15 | 21 | |
| 622 | Deutsche Post AG | 29 | 43 | |
| 53 | DSV PANALPINA A/S | 12 | 13 | |
| 125 | Eiffage S.A. | 17 | 16 | |
| 1 736 | Epiroc AB | 25 | 50 | |
| 1 141 | Experian Group Ltd. | 31 | 49 | |
| 355 | Ferrovial S.A. | 13 | 12 | |
| 394 | GEA Group AG | 16 | 20 | |
| 62 | Geberit AG | 39 | 50 | |
| 300 | Hankyu Hanshin Holdings Inc. | 13 | 12 | |
| 1 100 | Hino Motors Ltd. | 10 | 12 | |
| 147 | Intertek Group Plc. | 13 | 14 | |
| 1 200 | Itochu Corp. | 30 | 49 | |
| 113 | Kingspan Group Plc. | 9 | 12 | |
| 121 | Knorr-Bremse AG | 17 | 19 | |
| 400 | Komatsu Ltd. | 16 | 16 | |
| 818 | Kone OYJ | 63 | 85 | |
| 600 | Kubota Corp. | 18 | 17 | |
| 234 | Kuehne + Nagel International AG | 58 | 85 | |
| 200 | Kurita Water Industries Ltd. | 9 | 11 | |
| 98 | Legrand S.A. | 11 | 11 | |
| 900 | LIXIL Corp. | 23 | 31 | |
| 2 200 | Marubeni Corp. | 20 | 23 | |
| 300 | Mitsubishi Corp. | 9 | 11 | |
| 1 700 | Mitsubishi Electric Corp. | 33 | 33 | |
| 800 | Mitsui & Co. | 21 | 21 | |
| 200 | Miura Co. Ltd. | 14 | 14 | |
| 1 000 | MTR Corp. | 7 | 7 | |
| 200 | Nabtesco Corp. | 8 | 12 | |
| 300 | Nidec Corp. | 54 | 46 | |
| 400 | Nippon Yusen Kabushiki Kaisha | 8 | 17 | |
| 4 800 | Obayashi Corp. | 59 | 55 | |
| 208 | Randstad NV | 16 | 18 | |
| 1 000 | Recruit Holdings Co. Ltd. | 41 | 61 | |
| 1 297 | RELX Plc. | 40 | 41 | |
| 248 | Safran S.A. | 54 | 43 | |
| 669 | Sandvik AB | 16 | 23 | |
| 86 | Schindler Holding AG | 27 | 32 | |
| 240 | Schneider Electric SE | 36 | 46 | |
| 100 | Secom Co. Ltd. | 12 | 11 | |
| 458 | Siemens AG | 77 | 95 | |
| 149 | Siemens Energy AG | 5 | 7 | |
| 2 100 | Singapore Tech Engineering Ltd. | 8 | 8 | |
| 808 | Skanska AB | 23 | 26 | |
| 300 | Sohgo Security Services Co. Ltd. | 18 | 18 | |
| 1 000 | Techtronic Industries Co. | 18 | 22 | |
| 25 | Teleperformance | 11 | 11 | |
| 400 | Tobu Railway Co. Ltd. | 15 | 14 | |
| 200 | TOTO Ltd. | 17 | 15 | |
| 200 | Toyota Tsusho Corp. | 9 | 11 | |
| 902 | Transurban Group | 11 | 12 | |

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| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Industrials (cont.) | | | | |
| 70 | Vestas Wind Systems A/S | \$ 19 | \$ 18 | |
| 308 | Vinci S.A. | 40 | 40 | |
| 678 | Volvo AB | 22 | 22 | |
| 300 | Yamato Transport Co. Ltd. | 10 | 10 | |
| | | 1 501 | 1 772 | 15.4 |
| Information Technology | | | | |
| 200 | Advantest Corp. | 12 | 22 | |
| 21 | Adyen N.V. | 21 | 59 | |
| 85 | Afterpay Ltd. | 12 | 8 | |
| 172 | Amadeus IT Group S.A. | 14 | 15 | |
| 264 | ASML Holding N.V. | 122 | 202 | |
| 200 | Azbil Corp. | 12 | 11 | |
| 1 100 | Brother Industries Ltd. | 29 | 31 | |
| 400 | Canon Inc. | 11 | 11 | |
| 217 | Check Point Software Technologies Ltd | 33 | 31 | |
| 593 | Computershare Ltd. | 8 | 9 | |
| 67 | Computershare Ltd., Rights | — | — | |
| 87 | Dassault Systemes SE | 25 | 23 | |
| 3 649 | Ericsson (LM) Tel., Series B | 35 | 61 | |
| 300 | Fuji Photo Film Co. | 22 | 22 | |
| 200 | Fujitsu Ltd. | 32 | 36 | |
| 64 | Hexagon AB | 7 | 7 | |
| 470 | Infineon Technologies AG | 26 | 25 | |
| 200 | Itochu Techno-Science Corp. | 9 | 8 | |
| 367 | Logitech International S.A. | 36 | 49 | |
| 200 | Murata Manufacturing Co. Ltd. | 24 | 30 | |
| 300 | NEC Corp. | 12 | 15 | |
| 176 | Nemetschek SE | 18 | 14 | |
| 31 | Nice Ltd. | 11 | 8 | |
| 400 | Nomura Research Institute Ltd. | 13 | 16 | |
| 300 | Omron Corp. | 25 | 29 | |
| 100 | Otsuka Corp. | 6 | 6 | |
| 900 | Renesas Electronics Corp. | 13 | 12 | |
| 1 700 | Ricoh Co. Ltd. | 14 | 22 | |
| 664 | SAP SE | 113 | 102 | |
| 300 | Seiko Epson Corp. | 4 | 6 | |
| 200 | Shimadzu Corp. | 10 | 9 | |
| 570 | STMicroelectronics N.V. | 19 | 27 | |
| 145 | TeamViewer AG | 11 | 8 | |
| 619 | The Sage Group Plc. | 6 | 7 | |
| 400 | Trend Micro Inc. | 26 | 25 | |
| 118 | Xero Ltd. | 15 | 14 | |
| | | 806 | 980 | 8.5 |
| Materials | | | | |
| 359 | Air Liquide S.A. | 55 | 74 | |
| 135 | Akzo Nobel N.V. | 15 | 19 | |
| 714 | Anglo American Plc. | 15 | 35 | |
| 601 | ArcelorMittal | 13 | 22 | |
| 97 | Arkema | 14 | 15 | |
| 556 | BASF SE | 43 | 58 | |
| 2 982 | BHP Group Ltd. | 89 | 129 | |
| 281 | BlueScope Steel Ltd. | 3 | 5 | |
| 865 | CRH Plc. | 40 | 51 | |
| 18 | EMS-Chemie Holding AG | 18 | 20 | |

| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|--------------------------|--|------|------------|-----------------|
| Materials (cont.) | | | | |
| 1 547 | Evolution Mining Ltd. | \$ 8 | \$ 6 | |
| 2 643 | Evraz Plc. | 19 | 26 | |
| 1 610 | Fortescue Metals Group Ltd. | 13 | 31 | |
| 314 | Fresnillo Plc. | 5 | 5 | |
| 118 | HeidelbergCement AG | 12 | 14 | |
| 428 | Johnson Matthey Plc. | 24 | 22 | |
| 500 | JSR Corp. | 13 | 19 | |
| 300 | Kansai Paint Co. Ltd. | 8 | 10 | |
| 99 | Lanxess AG | 8 | 9 | |
| 300 | Nippon Sanso Holdings Corp. | 7 | 7 | |
| 300 | Nitto Denko Corp. | 20 | 32 | |
| 950 | Rio Tinto Plc. | 70 | 91 | |
| 300 | Shin-Etsu Chemical Co. Ltd. | 43 | 64 | |
| 84 | Sika AG | 30 | 30 | |
| 133 | Solvay S.A. | 19 | 21 | |
| 2 500 | Sumitomo Chemical Co. Ltd. | 16 | 16 | |
| 400 | Teijin Ltd. | 9 | 9 | |
| 235 | Voestalpine AG | 11 | 12 | |
| 440 | Yara International ASA | 24 | 29 | |
| | | 664 | 881 | 7.6 |
| Real Estate | | | | |
| 879 | Aroundtown S.A. | 8 | 8 | |
| 6 700 | CapitalLand Limited | 19 | 24 | |
| 5 000 | CK Asset Holdings Ltd. | 47 | 38 | |
| 500 | Daiwa House Industry Co. Ltd. | 19 | 18 | |
| 89 | Deutsche Wohnen SE | 6 | 5 | |
| 1 699 | Goodman Group | 26 | 29 | |
| 5 000 | Hang Lung Properties Ltd. | 18 | 16 | |
| 1 800 | Hongkong Land Holdings Ltd. | 17 | 11 | |
| 386 | Klepierre Real Estate Investment Trust | 17 | 11 | |
| 1 600 | Link Real Estate Investment Trust | 17 | 18 | |
| 600 | Mitsubishi Estate Co. Ltd. | 14 | 13 | |
| 400 | Mitsui Fudosan Co. Ltd. | 9 | 11 | |
| 300 | Nomura Real Estate Holdings Inc. | 7 | 9 | |
| 3 483 | Scentre Group Real Estate Investment Trust | 10 | 9 | |
| 2 088 | Stockland Real Estate Investment Trust | 9 | 9 | |
| 200 | Sumitomo Realty & Development Co. Ltd. | 8 | 9 | |
| 1 500 | Sun Hung Kai Properties Ltd. | 29 | 29 | |
| 2 400 | UOL Group Ltd. | 17 | 18 | |
| 294 | Vonovia SE | 22 | 24 | |
| 2 000 | Wharf Real Estate Investment Co. Ltd. | 13 | 14 | |
| | | 332 | 323 | 2.8 |
| Utilities | | | | |
| 3 163 | AGL Energy Ltd. | 48 | 29 | |
| 1 139 | APA Group | 12 | 11 | |
| 1 500 | CLP Holdings Ltd. | 21 | 18 | |
| 2 016 | E.ON SE | 27 | 30 | |
| 965 | Endesa SA | 35 | 32 | |
| 6 547 | Enel S.p.A. | 53 | 82 | |
| 2 534 | Engie | 41 | 45 | |

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| Holdings | Security | Cost | Fair Value | % of Net Assets |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Utilities (cont.) | | | | |
| 3 719 | Iberdrola S.A. | \$ 52 | \$ 60 | |
| 557 | National Grid Plc. | 8 | 8 | |
| 815 | Naturgy Energy Group S.A. | 21 | 25 | |
| 41 | Orsted A/S | 9 | 8 | |
| 700 | Osaka Gas Co. Ltd. | 17 | 17 | |
| 397 | SSE Plc. | 9 | 10 | |
| 1 633 | Suez | 24 | 44 | |
| 1 200 | Tohoku Electric Power Co. Inc. | 16 | 14 | |
| 600 | Tokyo Gas Co. Ltd. | 18 | 17 | |
| 586 | Uniper SE | 24 | 27 | |
| 931 | Veolia Environnement | 27 | 30 | |
| | | <u>462</u> | <u>507</u> | <u>4.4</u> |
| TOTAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES | | <u>10 399</u> | <u>11 483</u> | <u>99.6</u> |
| Less: Transaction costs | | <u>(18)</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> |
| TOTAL INVESTMENTS | | <u>\$ 10 381</u> | <u>11 483</u> | <u>99.6</u> |
| OTHER NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS | | | <u>54</u> | <u>0.4</u> |
| NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS | | <u>\$ 11 537</u> | <u>11 537</u> | <u>100.0</u> |



Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

(in \$000s except per unit amounts)

| (see note 2 in the generic notes) | March 31 2021 | September 30 2020 |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Investments at fair value | \$ 11 483 | \$ 13 373 |
| Cash | 14 | 10 |
| Dividends receivable, interest accrued and other assets | 46 | 49 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 11 543 | 13 432 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 6 | 6 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS | | |
| | 6 | 6 |
| NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS ("NAV") | \$ 11 537 | \$ 13 426 |
| | | |
| Investments at cost | \$ 10 381 | \$ 12 965 |
| | | |
| NAV | | |
| CAD UNITS | \$ 9 230 | \$ 11 361 |
| USD UNITS | \$ 2 307 | \$ 2 065 |
| NAV PER UNIT | | |
| CAD UNITS | \$ 23.07 | \$ 20.66 |
| USD UNITS* | \$ 18.36 | \$ 15.46 |

* Stated in U.S. dollars.

Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

(in \$000s except per unit amounts)

| For the periods ended March 31 (see note 2 in the generic notes) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| INCOME (see note 3 in the generic notes) | | |
| Dividends | \$ 128 | \$ 246 |
| Income from investment trusts | 8 | 51 |
| Net realized gain (loss) on investments | 814 | 486 |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments | 694 | (1 769) |
| TOTAL NET GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES | 1 644 | (986) |
| Securities lending revenue (see note 8 in the generic notes) | - | 4 |
| Net gain (loss) on foreign cash balances | - | (4) |
| TOTAL OTHER INCOME (LOSS) | - | - |
| TOTAL INCOME (LOSS) | 1 644 | (986) |
| EXPENSES (see notes – ETF Specific Information) | | |
| Management fees | 29 | 52 |
| Independent Review Committee costs | 1 | - |
| GST/HST | 3 | 5 |
| Transaction costs | 11 | 24 |
| Withholding tax | 4 | 42 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | 48 | 123 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV | \$ 1 596 | \$ (1 109) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV | | |
| CAD UNITS | \$ 1 320 | \$ (789) |
| USD UNITS | \$ 276 | \$ (320) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV PER UNIT | | |
| CAD UNITS | \$ 2.96 | \$ (0.94) |
| USD UNITS* | \$ 2.15 | \$ (1.60) |

* Stated in U.S. dollars.



Statements of Cash Flow (unaudited) (in \$000s)

For the periods ended March 31
(see note 2 in the generic notes)

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Increase (decrease) in NAV | \$ 1 596 | \$ (1 109) |
| ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATIONS | | |
| Interest for distribution purposes | – | – |
| Net unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss on cash | – | – |
| Net realized loss (gain) on investments | (814) | (486) |
| Change in unrealized loss (gain) on investments | (694) | 1 769 |
| Non-cash dividends | – | (14) |
| Non-cash distributions from underlying funds | – | – |
| (Increase) decrease in accrued receivables | 3 | – |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued payables | – | (5) |
| Cost of investments purchased* | (8 124) | (15 985) |
| Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments* | 8 251 | 16 219 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 218 | 389 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from issue of redeemable units* | 4 | 24 |
| Cash paid on redemption of redeemable units* | (44) | (78) |
| Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units | (174) | (356) |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES | \$ (214) | \$ (410) |
| Net unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash | – | – |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash for the period | 4 | (21) |
| Cash (bank overdraft), beginning of period | 10 | 24 |
| CASH (BANK OVERDRAFT), END OF PERIOD | \$ 14 | \$ 3 |
| Interest received (paid) [†] | \$ – | \$ – |
| Income from investment trusts received (paid) ^{††} | \$ 8 | \$ 51 |
| Dividends received (paid) ^{††} | \$ 127 | \$ 190 |

* Excludes in-kind transactions.

[†] Classified as part of operating activities.

[‡] Net of withholding taxes, if applicable.



Statements of Changes in NAV (unaudited) (in \$000s)

| For the periods ended March 31 (see note 2 in the generic notes) | CAD Units | | USD Units | | Total | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| NAV AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD | \$ 11 361 | \$ 20 092 | \$ 2 065 | \$ 3 173 | \$ 13 426 | \$ 23 265 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV | 1 320 | (789) | 276 | (320) | 1 596 | (1 109) |
| Early redemption fees | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Proceeds from redeemable units issued | – | 2 220 | – | – | – | 2 220 |
| Reinvestments of distributions to holders of redeemable units | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Redemption of redeemable units | (3 311) | (10 058) | – | – | (3 311) | (10 058) |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) FROM REDEEMABLE UNIT TRANSACTIONS | (3 311) | (7 838) | – | – | (3 311) | (7 838) |
| Distributions from net income | (140) | (296) | (34) | (60) | (174) | (356) |
| Distributions from net gains | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Distributions from capital | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| TOTAL DISTRIBUTIONS TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS | (140) | (296) | (34) | (60) | (174) | (356) |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NAV | (2 131) | (8 923) | 242 | (380) | (1 889) | (9 303) |
| NAV AT END OF PERIOD | \$ 9 230 | \$ 11 169 | \$ 2 307 | \$ 2 793 | \$ 11 537 | \$ 13 962 |



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General information (see note 1 in the generic notes)

The investment objective of the ETF is to provide unitholders with broad exposure to the performance of a diversified portfolio of high-quality equity securities in markets in Europe, Australasia and the Far East (“EAFE”) that have the potential for long-term capital growth.

The closing market price as of March 31, 2021 of CAD Units was 23.30 (September 30, 2020 – 20.85) and of USD Units was 18.11 USD (September 30, 2020 – 15.50 USD).

Financial instrument risk and capital management (see note 5 in the generic notes)

Concentration risk (%)

The table below summarizes the ETF’s investment exposure (after consideration of derivative products, if any) as at:

| Investment mix | March 31 2021 | September 30 2020 |
|------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| International Equities | | |
| Financials | 18.6 | 16.4 |
| Industrials | 15.4 | 15.8 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 12.6 | 10.7 |
| Health Care | 11.2 | 13.4 |
| Consumer Staples | 10.2 | 12.1 |
| Information Technology | 8.5 | 8.4 |
| Materials | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| Communication Services | 4.8 | 4.7 |
| Utilities | 4.4 | 5.7 |
| Energy | 3.5 | 2.7 |
| Real Estate | 2.8 | 2.2 |
| Other Net Assets | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Currency risk (% of NAV)

The table below summarizes the ETF’s net exposure (after hedging, if any) to currency risk as at:

| Currency | March 31 2021 | September 30 2020 |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Euro | 32.2 | 32.6 |
| Japanese yen | 24.8 | 25.5 |
| Pound sterling | 13.7 | 11.4 |
| Swiss franc | 9.3 | 11.2 |
| Australian dollar | 7.7 | 6.7 |
| Swedish krona | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| Hong Kong dollar | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| Danish krone | 2.4 | 2.8 |
| Singapore dollar | 1.7 | 1.1 |

Please see the generic notes at the back of the financial statements.

| Currency | March 31 2021 | September 30 2020 |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Norwegian krone | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| United States dollar | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| New Zealand dollar | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Other currencies | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Total | 100.0 | 99.8 |

As at March 31, 2021, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 5% in relation to the above currencies, with all other factors kept constant, the ETF’s NAV may have decreased or increased, respectively, by approximately 5.0% (September 30, 2020 – 5.0%). In practice, actual results could differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

Other price risk (% impact on NAV)

In light of current market volatility related to COVID-19, management has applied 10% for other price risk sensitivity.

The table below shows the impact of a 10% change in the broad-based index (noted below) on the ETF’s NAV, using a 36-month historical correlation of data of the ETF’s return and the index, with all other factors kept constant, as at:

| | March 31 2021 | September 30 2020 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|
| MSCI EAFE Total Return Net Index (CAD) | + or - 10.1 | + or - 10.1 |

Since historical correlation may not be representative of future correlation, actual results could differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

Fair value hierarchy (\$000s except % amounts) (see note 3 in the generic notes)

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2020.

| March 31, 2021 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|---|---------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Equities | 11 483 | – | – | 11 483 |
| Underlying funds | – | – | – | – |
| Fixed-income and debt securities | – | – | – | – |
| Short-term investments | – | – | – | – |
| Derivatives – assets | – | – | – | – |
| Derivatives – liabilities | – | – | – | – |
| Total financial instruments | 11 483 | – | – | 11 483 |
| % of total portfolio | 100.0 | – | – | 100.0 |



March 31, 2021

| September 30, 2020 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Equities | 13 373 | – | – | 13 373 |
| Underlying funds | – | – | – | – |
| Fixed-income and debt securities | – | – | – | – |
| Short-term investments | – | – | – | – |
| Derivatives – assets | – | – | – | – |
| Derivatives – liabilities | – | – | – | – |
| Total financial instruments | 13 373 | – | – | 13 373 |
| % of total portfolio | 100.0 | – | – | 100.0 |

For the periods ended March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2020, there were no transfers of financial instruments between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

Management fees (see note 9 in the generic notes)

RBC GAM is paid a management fee per annum of the NAV by the ETF as compensation for its services. The management fee of the ETF is calculated at the following annual percentages, before GST/HST, of the daily NAV of the class of the ETF.

| | Management fees |
|-----------|-----------------|
| CAD Units | 0.49% |
| USD Units | 0.49% |

Taxes (\$000s) (see note 7 in the generic notes)

The non-capital and capital losses carried forward for the ETF as at the tax-year ended December 2020 were:

| | |
|--------------------|-----|
| Capital losses | 411 |
| Non-capital losses | – |

Redeemable units (000s) (see note 6 in the generic notes)

The NAV per unit of each class is derived by dividing the NAV of that class of ETF by the outstanding units of that class at the end of each trading day of the ETF.

| For the periods ended March 31 (see note 2 in the generic notes) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|------------|------------|
| CAD Units | | |
| Opening units | 550 | 950 |
| Issued number of units | – | 100 |
| Reinvested number of units | – | – |
| Units consolidated* | – | – |
| Redeemed number of units | (150) | (450) |
| Ending number of units | 400 | 600 |

For the periods ended March 31
(see note 2 in the generic notes)

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| USD Units | | |
| Opening units | 100 | 150 |
| Issued number of units | – | – |
| Reinvested number of units | – | – |
| Units consolidated* | – | – |
| Redeemed number of units | – | – |
| Ending number of units | 100 | 150 |

* The units of the ETF are consolidated immediately after a distribution is reinvested so that the total number of units outstanding of the ETF after consolidation is the same as before the distribution.

Transaction costs (\$000s except %)

Transaction costs, including brokerage commissions, in consideration of portfolio transactions for the periods ended:

| | March 31 2021 | | March 31 2020 | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----|------------------|-----|
| | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Total transaction costs | 11 | 100 | 24 | 100 |
| Related-party brokerage commissions* | – | – | – | – |
| Commission arrangements [†] | – | – | – | – |

* See note 9 in the generic notes.

[†] Commission arrangements are part of commission amounts paid to dealers. The ETF uses commission arrangements (formerly known as “soft dollars”) for research and/or order execution goods and services.

Securities lending revenue (\$000s except %) (see note 8 in the generic notes)

Fair value of securities on loan and collateral received as at:

| | March 31 2021 | March 31 2020 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Fair value of securities loaned | 2 008 | 3 147 |
| Fair value of collateral received | 2 048 | 3 210 |

The table below provides a reconciliation of the gross revenue generated from the securities lending transactions of the ETF to the securities lending revenue disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

| | March 31 2021 | | March 31 2020 | |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Gross revenue | 3 | 100 | 5 | 100 |
| RBC IS (paid) | (1) | (25) | (1) | (25) |
| Tax withheld | – | (1) | – | (3) |
| ETF revenue | 2 | 74 | 4 | 72 |



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Investments by other related investment funds (%)
(see note 9 in the generic notes)

The table below summarizes, as a percentage, the NAV of the ETF owned by other related investment funds as at:

| | March 31 2021 | September 30 2020 |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF | 28.1 | 27.8 |
| RBC Strategic Global Equity Leaders ETF | – | 4.4 |
| Total | 28.1 | 32.2 |

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1. The ETFs

The RBC ETFs, the exchange-traded funds (“ETF” or “ETFs”), are open-ended mutual fund trusts governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario and governed by a Master Declaration of Trust. RBC GAM is the manager, trustee and portfolio manager of the ETFs and its head office is located at 155 Wellington Street West, 22nd Floor, Toronto, Ontario. These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors of RBC GAM on May 10, 2021.

The units of the ETFs are listed either on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “TSX”) or on the NEO Exchange (the “NEO Exchange”) as the case may be. The TSX and the NEO Exchange are each referred to herein as the “Exchange.” Investors may purchase or sell units on the applicable Exchange in the same way as other securities listed on the Exchange.

| ETF | Exchange Ticker Symbol | Index* |
|--|------------------------|--|
| RBC 1-5 Year Laddered Canadian Bond ETF | RLB | Not applicable |
| RBC 1-5 Year Laddered Corporate Bond ETF | RBO | Not applicable |
| RBC Target 2021 Corporate Bond Index ETF | RQI | FTSE Canada 2021 Maturity Corporate Bond Index |
| RBC Target 2022 Corporate Bond Index ETF | RQJ | FTSE Canada 2022 Maturity Corporate Bond Index |
| RBC Target 2023 Corporate Bond Index ETF | RQK | FTSE Canada 2023 Maturity Corporate Bond Index |
| RBC Target 2024 Corporate Bond Index ETF | RQL | FTSE Canada 2024 Maturity Corporate Bond Index |
| RBC Target 2025 Corporate Bond Index ETF | RQN | FTSE Canada 2025 Maturity Corporate Bond Index |
| RBC Target 2026 Corporate Bond Index ETF | RQO | FTSE Canada 2026 Maturity Corporate Bond Index |
| RBC Target 2027 Corporate Bond Index ETF | RQP | FTSE Canada 2027 Maturity Corporate Bond Index |
| RBC Canadian Discount Bond ETF | RCDB | Not applicable |
| RBC PH&N Short Term Canadian Bond ETF | RPSB | Not applicable |
| RBC Short Term U.S. Corporate Bond ETF | RUSB RUSB.U | Not applicable |
| RBC BlueBay Global Diversified Income (CAD Hedged) ETF | RBDI | Not applicable |
| RBC Canadian Preferred Share ETF | RPF | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant Canadian Dividend Leaders ETF | RCD | Not applicable |

| ETF | Exchange Ticker Symbol | Index* |
|--|------------------------|--|
| RBC Quant Canadian Equity Leaders ETF | RCE | Not applicable |
| RBC Vision Women’s Leadership MSCI Canada Index ETF | RLDR | MSCI Canada IMI Women’s Leadership Select Index |
| RBC Canadian Bank Yield Index ETF | RBNK | Solactive Canada Bank Yield Index |
| RBC Quant U.S. Dividend Leaders ETF | RUD RUD.U | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant U.S. Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF | RUDH | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant U.S. Equity Leaders ETF | RUE RUE.U | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant U.S. Equity Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF | RUEH | Not applicable |
| RBC U.S. Banks Yield Index ETF | RUBY RUBY.U | Solactive U.S. Bank Yield NTR Index |
| RBC U.S. Banks Yield (CAD Hedged) Index ETF | RUBH | Solactive U.S. Bank Yield NTR (CAD Hedged) Index |
| RBC Quant European Dividend Leaders ETF | RPD RPD.U | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant European Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF | RPDH | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant EAFE Dividend Leaders ETF | RID RID.U | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant EAFE Dividend Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF | RIDH | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders ETF | RIE RIE.U | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant EAFE Equity Leaders (CAD Hedged) ETF | RIEH | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant Emerging Markets Dividend Leaders ETF | RXD RXD.U | Not applicable |
| RBC Quant Emerging Markets Equity Leaders ETF | RXE RXE.U | Not applicable |

* These indices have been licensed for use for certain purposes to RBC GAM by FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc., FTSE International Limited, FTSE Fixed Income LLC, Solactive AG and MSCI Inc. (each an “Index Provider” and together, the “Index Providers”), as applicable. The ETFs are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by the Index Providers. The Index Providers make no warranty or representation whatsoever, expressly or impliedly, either as to the results to be obtained from the use of the indices they have licensed to RBC GAM and/or the figures at which the indices they have licensed to RBC GAM stand at any particular time on any particular day or otherwise. The indices are compiled, calculated and published by the applicable Index Provider. The Index Providers shall not be liable (whether in negligence or otherwise) to any person for any error in the indices they have licensed to RBC GAM and the Index Providers shall not be under any obligation to advise any person of any error therein. The Index Providers make no representation regarding the advisability of investing in the ETFs.

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2. Financial period

In 2020, the financial year-end of the ETFs was changed from December 31 to September 30. In accordance with regulatory requirements, notice of the change was filed with the authorities concerned.

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is as at March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2020, as applicable, and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and the six-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, as applicable, except for ETFs or classes established during either period, in which case the information for the ETF, or class, is provided for the period from the start date as described in the Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information of the ETF.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). The significant accounting policies of the ETFs are as follows:

Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets, Liabilities and Derivatives Each of the ETFs classifies its investment portfolio based on the business model for managing the portfolio and the contractual cash flow characteristics. The investment portfolio of financial assets and liabilities is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The contractual cash flows of the ETFs’ debt securities that are solely principal and interest are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the ETFs’ business model objectives. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit and loss (“FVTPL”). Derivative assets and liabilities are also measured at FVTPL.

The ETFs’ obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is measured at the redemption amount, which approximates fair value as of the reporting date. All other financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortized cost.

Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities In the normal course of business, the ETFs may enter into various International Swaps and Derivatives Association master netting agreements or other similar arrangements with

certain counterparties that allow for related amounts to be offset in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of contracts. Offsetting information, where applicable, is presented in the Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information.

Classification of Redeemable Units The ETFs’ redeemable units, which qualify as puttable instruments as required by IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation, are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. See Note 6 for details. Unitholders may redeem their units for cash at a reduced redemption price on trading day or they may sell units at full market price on the applicable exchange. As a result, the ETFs’ outstanding redeemable units are classified as financial liabilities.

Unconsolidated Structured Entities The ETFs may invest in other Funds and ETFs managed by the manager or an affiliate of the manager (“sponsored funds”) and may invest in other funds and ETFs managed by unaffiliated entities (“unsponsored funds”); collectively, “underlying funds.” The underlying funds are determined to be unconsolidated structured entities, as decision making in the underlying fund is not governed by the voting rights or other similar rights held by the ETF. The investments in underlying funds are subject to the terms and conditions of the offering documents of the respective underlying funds and are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of those underlying funds. The underlying funds’ objectives are generally to achieve long-term capital appreciation and/or current income by investing in a portfolio of securities and other funds in line with each of their documented investment strategies. The underlying funds apply various investment strategies to accomplish their respective investment objectives.

The underlying funds finance their operations by issuing redeemable units which are puttable at the unitholder’s option, and entitle the unitholder to a proportional stake in the respective underlying funds’ NAV.

The ETFs do not consolidate their investment in underlying funds but account for these investments at fair value. The manager has determined that the ETFs are investment entities in accordance with IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, since the ETFs meet the following criteria:

- (i) The ETFs obtain capital from one or more investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment management services,

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- (ii) The ETFs commit to their investors that their business purpose is to invest funds solely for the returns from capital appreciation, investment income or both, and
- (iii) The ETFs measure and evaluate the performance of substantially all of their investments on a fair value basis.

Therefore, the fair value of investments in the underlying funds is included in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and included in “Investments at fair value” in the ETFs’ Statements of Financial Position. The change in fair value of the investment held in the underlying funds is included in “Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments” in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Certain ETFs may invest in mortgage-related or other asset-backed securities. These securities include commercial mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, collateralized debt obligations and other securities that directly or indirectly represent a participation in, or are securitized by and payable from, mortgage loans on real property. Mortgage-related securities are created from pools of residential or commercial mortgage loans while asset-backed securities are created from many types of assets, including auto loans, credit card receivables, home equity loans and student loans. The ETFs account for these investments at fair value. The fair value of such securities, as disclosed in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio, represents the maximum exposure to losses at that date.

Determination of Fair Value The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the financial instrument could be exchanged in an arm’s-length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties under no compulsion to act. In determining fair value, a three-tier hierarchy based on inputs is used to value the ETFs’ financial instruments. The hierarchy of inputs is summarized below:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices), including broker quotes, vendor prices and vendor fair value factors; and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment’s assigned level.

Investments and derivatives are recorded at fair value, which is determined as follows:

Equities – Common shares and preferred shares are valued at the closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded. In circumstances where the closing price is not within the bid-ask spread, management will determine the points within the bid-ask spread that are most representative of the fair value.

Fixed-Income and Debt Securities – Bonds, mortgage-backed securities and other debt securities are valued at the mid price quoted by major dealers or independent pricing vendors in such securities.

Short-Term Investments – Short-term investments are valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

Warrants – Warrants are valued using a recognized option pricing model, which includes factors such as the terms of the warrant, time value of money and volatility inputs that are significant to such valuation.

Forward Contracts – Forward contracts are valued at the gain or loss that would arise as a result of closing the position at the valuation date. The receivable/payable on forward contracts is recorded separately in the Statements of Financial Position. Any unrealized gain or loss at the close of business on each valuation date is recorded as “Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments” and realized gain or loss on foreign exchange contracts is included in “Derivative income” in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Futures Contracts – Futures contracts entered into by the ETFs are financial agreements to purchase or sell a financial instrument at a contracted price on a specified future date. However, the ETFs do not intend to purchase or sell the financial instrument on the settlement date; rather, they intend to close out each futures contract before settlement by entering into equal, but offsetting, futures contracts. Futures contracts are valued at the gain or loss that would arise as a result of closing the position at the valuation date. Any gain or loss at the close of business on each valuation date is recorded as “Derivative income” in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The receivable/payable on futures contracts is recorded separately in the Statements of Financial Position.

Underlying Funds – Underlying funds that are not exchange-traded funds are valued at their respective NAV per unit from fund companies on the relevant valuation dates

and underlying funds that are exchange-traded funds are valued at market close on the relevant valuation dates.

Fair Valuation of Investments – The ETFs have procedures to determine the fair value of securities and other financial instruments for which market prices are not readily available or which may not be reliably priced. Procedures are in place to determine the fair value of foreign securities traded in countries outside of North America daily to avoid stale prices and to take into account, among other things, any significant events occurring after the close of a foreign market.

Management also has procedures where the ETFs primarily employ a market-based approach, which may use related or comparable assets or liabilities, NAV per unit (for exchange-traded funds), recent transactions, market multiples, book values and other relevant information for the investment to determine its fair value. The ETFs may also use an income-based valuation approach in which the anticipated future cash flows of the investment are discounted to calculate fair value. Discounts may also be applied due to the nature or duration of any restrictions on the disposition of the investments, but only if they arise as a feature of the instrument itself. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuations of such investments, the fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had an active market existed.

All security valuation techniques are periodically reviewed by the Valuation Committee (“VC”) of the manager and are approved by the manager. The VC provides oversight of the ETFs’ valuation policies and procedures.

Cash Cash is comprised of cash and deposits with banks and is recorded at amortized cost. The carrying amount of cash approximates its fair value because it is short term in nature.

Margin Margin accounts represent margin deposits held with brokers in respect of derivatives contracts.

Functional Currency The ETFs have their subscriptions, redemptions and performance primarily denominated in Canadian dollars and, consequently, the Canadian dollar is the functional currency for the ETFs.

Foreign Exchange The value of investments and other assets and liabilities in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange on each valuation date. Gains/losses on foreign cash balances are included in “Net gain (loss) on foreign cash balances” in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Purchases and sales

of investments, income and expenses are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Realized foreign exchange gains/losses on spot and forward currency contracts are included in “Derivative income” in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Investment Transactions Investment transactions are accounted for as of the trade date. Transaction costs, such as brokerage commissions, incurred by the ETFs are recorded in the Statements of Comprehensive Income for the period. The unrealized gain and loss on investments is the difference between fair value and average cost for the period. The basis of determining the cost of portfolio assets, and realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, is average cost which does not include amortization of premiums or discounts on fixed-income and debt securities with the exception of zero coupon bonds.

Income Recognition Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date and interest for distribution purposes is coupon interest recognized on an accrual basis and/or imputed interest on zero coupon bonds. “Income from investment trusts” includes income from ETFs and income trusts.

Valuation of Series A different NAV is calculated for each series of Units of an ETF. The NAV of a particular series of Units is computed by calculating the value of the series’ proportionate share of the assets and liabilities of the ETF common to all series less the liabilities of the ETF attributable only to that series. Expenses directly attributable to a series are charged to that series. Other expenses are allocated proportionately to each series based upon the relative NAV of each series. Expenses are accrued daily.

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit in the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, divided by the average units outstanding during the period.

Foreign Currencies The following is a list of abbreviations used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

| | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| AUD – Australian dollar | HKD – Hong Kong dollar |
| CAD – Canadian dollar | JPY – Japanese yen |
| CHF – Swiss franc | NOK – Norwegian krone |
| DKK – Danish krone | SEK – Swedish krona |
| EUR – Euro | SGD – Singapore dollar |
| GBP – Pound sterling | USD – United States dollar |

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4. Critical accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of judgment in applying the ETFs' accounting policies and making estimates and assumptions about the future. There were no critical accounting judgments and estimates made to prepare these financial statements.

5. Financial instrument risk and capital management

RBC GAM is responsible for managing each ETF's capital, which is its NAV and consists primarily of its financial instruments.

An ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. RBC GAM seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on an ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio managers, daily monitoring of the ETF's holdings and market events and diversifying its investment portfolio within the constraints of its investment objectives. To assist in managing risks, RBC GAM also uses internal guidelines, maintains a governance structure that oversees each ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's investment strategies, internal guidelines and securities regulations.

The financial markets experienced significant volatility as a result of the developing COVID-19 global pandemic. The effects of the pandemic and its impact on individual companies, nations and the market in general can not necessarily be foreseen at the present time and may have an adverse impact on the financial performance of the ETFs. The impact of the pandemic may be short-term or may last for an extended period of time.

Financial instrument risk, as applicable to an ETF, is disclosed in its Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information. These risks include an ETF's direct risks and pro rata exposure to the risks of underlying funds, as applicable.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that investments in an ETF cannot be readily converted into cash when required. An ETF is exposed to liquidity risk to the extent that it is subject to daily redemptions of redeemable units. Since the delivery of redemptions is in the form of securities, an ETF is not exposed to any significant liquidity risk. Liquidity risk is managed by investing the majority of an ETF's assets in investments that are traded in an active market and that can be readily disposed. In accordance with securities regulation, an ETF must maintain at least 90% of its assets in liquid investments.

In addition, an ETF aims to retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain liquidity, and has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its NAV. All non-derivative financial liabilities, other than redeemable units, are due within 90 days.

Any securities deemed to be illiquid are identified in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a loss could arise from a security issuer or counterparty not being able to meet its financial obligations. The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as disclosed in an ETF's Statements of Financial Position. The ETFs measure credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. All other receivables, amounts due from brokers, cash and short-term deposits are held with counterparties with a credit rating of AA/Aa or higher. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognized based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the ETFs. The fair value of fixed-income securities includes a consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer. Credit risk exposure is mitigated for those ETFs participating in a securities lending program (see note 8). RBC GAM monitors each ETF's credit exposure and counterparty ratings daily. Rating data is provided by the Licensor Parties.

Concentration risk

Concentration risk arises as a result of net financial instrument exposures to the same category, such as geographical region, asset type, industry sector or market segment. Financial instruments in the same category have similar characteristics and may be affected similarly by changes in economic or other conditions.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of an ETF's interest-bearing investments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The value of fixed-income and debt securities, such as bonds, is affected by interest rates. Generally, the value of these securities increases if interest rates fall and decreases if interest rates rise.

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Securities with a stated maturity date beyond the target maturity year of the ETF have an effective maturity date in the target year of the ETF, as determined with the rules based on methodology developed by the Licensor Parties.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of investments denominated in currencies, other than the functional currency of a Fund, will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The value of investments denominated in a currency other than the functional currency is affected by changes in the value of the functional currency in relation to the value of the currency in which the investment is denominated. When the value of the functional currency falls in relation to foreign currencies, then the value of the foreign investments rises. When the value of the functional currency rises, the value of the foreign investments falls. The currency risk as disclosed in the ETF Specific Information in the Notes to Financial Statements represents the monetary and non-monetary foreign exchange exposure of an ETF.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment.

6. Redeemable units

The beneficial interest in the ETFs is divided into equal interests of each class referred to as outstanding units. Each ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable and transferable units in each class, each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net asset value of that class of the ETF. Each unit outstanding shall participate pro rata in any distributions made, other than management fee distributions, and in the event of termination of the ETF, in the net assets of that class of the ETF.

On any trading day, an underwriter or designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for an integral multiple of the prescribed number of units of an ETF. If the order is accepted, the ETF will issue or redeem units to or from the underwriter or designated broker within two trading days thereafter. For each prescribed number of units issued or redeemed, the underwriter or designated broker must deliver or receive payment consisting of:

- a) a basket of applicable securities for each prescribed number of units; and
- b) cash in an amount sufficient so that the value of the basket of the applicable securities and cash delivered is equal to the net asset value of the prescribed number of units plus the distribution price adjustment, if applicable, of that class of the ETF.

A trading day is each day on which the TSX and/or the NEO Exchange is open for trading.

A unitholder is entitled on any trading day to redeem units for cash at a redemption price of 95% of net asset value per unit of that class of the ETF's units at the next valuation following receipt of the cash redemption request. Unitholders will generally be able to sell (rather than redeem) units at the full market price on the TSX or the NEO Exchange, as the case may be, through a registered broker or dealer subject only to customary brokerage commissions. To be effective on a particular trading day, a cash redemption request must be received by such time as RBC GAM may, from time to time, determine on that trading day. If a cash redemption request is received later than the prescribed time on a trading day or a day which is not a trading day, the cash redemption request shall be deemed to be received as of the next trading day.

The NAV per unit of each class is derived by dividing the NAV of that class of ETF by the outstanding units of that class at the end of each trading day of the ETF. The capital of the ETFs is managed in accordance with the investment objective as outlined in the Prospectus.

7. Taxes

The ETFs qualify as "mutual fund trusts" or "unit trusts" as defined in the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). In general, the ETFs are subject to income tax; however, no income tax is payable on net income and/or net realized capital gains which are distributed to unitholders. Since the ETFs do not record income taxes, the tax benefit of capital and non-capital losses has not been reflected in the Statements of Financial Position as a deferred income tax asset. In addition, for mutual fund trusts, income taxes payable on net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the ETFs are redeemed. It is the intention of the ETFs to pay out all net income and realized capital gains each year so that the ETFs will not be subject to income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is recorded.

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Net investment income and capital gains are distributable to the unitholders in amounts determined under the provisions of the Declaration of Trust on a monthly or quarterly basis. All distributions, other than management fee distributions, shall be credited to the unitholder pro rata in accordance with the number of units held by them on record date of the distribution. Reinvested distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional units of the applicable class of the RBC ETF at a price equal to the net asset value per unit of the applicable class of the RBC ETF. The units of that class will be immediately consolidated such that the number of outstanding units of the applicable class following the distribution will equal the number of units of the applicable class outstanding prior to the distribution. Management fee distributions shall be credited to the unitholder entitled thereto.

Capital losses are available to be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains. Non-capital losses may be carried forward to reduce future taxable income for up to 20 years.

8. Securities lending revenue

Certain of the ETFs lend portfolio securities from time to time in order to earn additional income. Income from securities lending is included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income of the ETF. Each ETF will have entered into a securities lending agreement with its custodian, RBC Investor Services Trust ("RBC IS"). The aggregate market value of all securities loaned by an ETF cannot exceed 50% of the assets of an ETF. The ETF receives collateral, with an approved credit rating of at least A, of at least 102% of the value of the securities on loan. The ETF is indemnified by RBC IS for any collateral credit or market loss. As such, the credit risk associated with securities lending is considered minimal.

9. Administrative and other related-party transactions

Manager, Trustee and Portfolio Manager

RBC GAM is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Royal Bank of Canada ("Royal Bank"). RBC GAM is the manager, trustee and portfolio manager of the ETFs. RBC GAM is responsible for the ETFs' day-to-day operations, holds title to the ETFs' property on behalf of its unitholders, provides investment advice and portfolio management services to the ETFs and appoints underwriters or designated brokers for the ETFs. RBC GAM is paid a management fee by the

ETFs as compensation for its services. The management fee is calculated and accrued on a daily basis and is based on a percentage of the NAV of the class of the ETF. The fee plus applicable taxes are accrued daily and paid monthly in arrears.

RBC GAM in turn pays certain operating expenses of the ETFs. These expenses include regulatory filing fees and other day-to-day operating expenses including, but not limited to, recordkeeping, accounting and fund valuation costs, custody fees, audit and legal fees and the cost of preparing and distributing annual and interim reports, prospectuses and investor communications. The ETFs also pay certain operating expenses directly, including the costs related to the Independent Review Committee of the ETFs and the cost of any new government or regulatory requirements introduced and any borrowing costs (collectively, "other fund costs"), and taxes (including, but not limited to, GST/HST). Effective January 1, 2020, RBC GAM, not the ETFs, will be responsible for the costs related to annual fees, meeting fees and reimbursement for expenses to members of the Independent Review Committee. The ETFs will continue to be responsible for paying any Independent Review Committee costs that are not related to annual fees, meeting fees and reimbursement for expenses to members of the Independent Review Committee.

Certain ETFs may invest in units of other Funds managed by RBC GAM or its affiliates ("underlying funds"). To the extent an ETF invests in underlying funds managed by RBC GAM or its affiliates, the fees and expenses payable by the underlying funds are in addition to the fees and expenses payable by the ETF. However, an ETF may only invest in one or more underlying funds provided that no management fees or incentive fees are payable that would duplicate a fee payable by the underlying fund for the same service. The ETF's ownership interest in underlying funds is disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statements – ETF Specific Information. The fees and expenses payable by the underlying funds are in addition to the fees and expenses payable by the ETF.

RBC GAM or its affiliates may earn fees and spreads in connection with various services provided to, or transactions with, the ETFs, such as banking, brokerage, securities lending, foreign exchange and derivatives transactions. RBC GAM or its affiliates may earn a foreign exchange spread when unitholders switch between ETFs denominated in different currencies. The ETFs also maintain bank accounts and overdraft provisions with Royal Bank for which Royal Bank

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may earn a fee. Affiliates of RBC GAM that provide services to the ETFs in the course of their normal business, all of which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Royal Bank of Canada, are discussed below.

Sub-Advisors

RBC Global Asset Management (U.S.) Inc. is the sub-advisor for:

RBC Short Term U.S. Corporate Bond ETF

BlueBay Asset Management LLP is the sub-advisor for:

RBC BlueBay Global Diversified Income (CAD Hedged) ETF

The sub-advisors earn a fee which is calculated and accrued on a daily basis and is based on a percentage of the NAV of the class of the ETF. The sub-advisors are paid by the manager from the management fee paid by the ETFs.

Custodian and Valuation Agent

RBC IS is the custodian and valuation agent for the ETFs. RBC IS is responsible for certain aspects of day-to-day administration including holding the assets and the daily calculation of the net asset value of the ETFs. RBC IS earns a variable fee based on the value of assets under custody and a fixed fee for other valuation and administrative services.

Designated Broker and Authorized Dealer

RBC Dominion Securities Inc. is a designated broker and/or an authorized dealer for the ETFs. As such, RBC Dominion Securities Inc. may subscribe or redeem units of the ETFs.

Brokers and Dealers

The ETFs have established or may establish standard brokerage agreements and dealing agreements at market rates with related parties such as RBC Dominion Securities Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC, RBC Europe Limited, NBC Securities Inc. and Royal Bank of Canada.

Securities Lending Agent

To the extent an ETF may engage in securities lending transactions, RBC IS may act as the ETF's securities lending agent. Any revenue earned on such securities lending is split between the ETF and the securities lending agent.

Other Related-Party Transactions

Pursuant to applicable securities legislation, the ETFs relied on the standing instructions from the Independent Review Committee with respect to the following related-party transactions:

Related-Party Trading Activities

- (a) trades in securities of Royal Bank;
- (b) investments in the securities of issuers for which a related-party dealer acted as an underwriter during the distribution of such securities and the 60-day period following the conclusion of such distribution of the underwritten securities to the public; and
- (c) purchases of debt securities from or sales of debt securities to a related-party dealer, where it acted as principal.

The applicable standing instructions require that Related-Party Trading Activities be conducted in accordance with RBC GAM policy and that RBC GAM advise the Independent Review Committee of a material breach of any standing instruction. RBC GAM policy requires that an investment decision in respect of Related-Party Trading Activities (i) is made free from any influence of Royal Bank or its associates or affiliates and without taking into account any consideration relevant to Royal Bank or its affiliates or associates, (ii) represents the business judgment of the portfolio manager, uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of the ETFs, (iii) is in compliance with RBC GAM policies and procedures, and (iv) achieves a fair and reasonable result for the ETFs.