RBC Global Asset Management Inc. RBC Target 2027 Canadian Government Bond ETF (RGQP)



(formerly, RBC Target 2027 Government Bond ETF)

March 22, 2024

ETF FACTS

This document contains key information you should know about the RBC Target 2027 Canadian Government Bond ETF. You can find more detailed information about this exchange-traded fund (ETF) in the prospectus. The prospectus is available by visiting www.rbcgam.com/regulatorydocuments, by contacting RBC Global Asset Management Inc. (RBC GAM) at etfs.investments@rbc.com or by calling 1-855-RBC-ETFS (722-3837), or by contacting your representative.

Before you invest, consider how the ETF would work with your other investments and your tolerance for risk.

Quick facts					
Date ETF started:	May 10, 2023	Fund manager:	RBC Global Asset Management Inc.		
Total value on February 29, 2024:	\$31.5 Million	Portfolio manager:	RBC Global Asset Management Inc.		
Management expense ratio (MER):	0.18%	Distributions:	Monthly		
Trading information (12 months ending February 29, 2024)					
Ticker symbol:	RGQP	Average daily volume:	n/a*		
Exchange:	TSX	Number of days traded:	n/a [*]		
Currency:	CAD				
Pricing information (12 months ending Fe	ebruary 29, 2024)				
Market price:	n/a*	Average bid-ask spread:	n/a*		
Net asset value (NAV):	n/a [*]	* This information is not available because the ETF has not completed 12 consecutive months.			

What does the ETF invest in?

The investment objective of the ETF is to provide income, for a limited period of time ending on the ETF's termination date, by investing primarily in a portfolio of fixed-income securities issued by Canadian governments and agencies that mature in the same calendar year as the ETF's termination date. RBC GAM's decision to invest in each Canadian government or agency bond is based on RBC GAM's assessment of each bond's credit quality, yield to maturity, issue size, liquidity, and an overall emphasis on issuer diversification. The ETF will terminate on or about September 30, 2027. The ETF may invest no more than 20% of its assets in foreign securities.

The charts below give you a snapshot of the ETF's investments on February 29, 2024. The ETF's investments will change.



Top 10 investments (February 29, 2024)		Investment mix (February 2	9, 2024)	
1.	Canada Housing Trust No. 1 2.350% Jun 15, 2027	15.1%		54.8
2.	Canadian Government Bond 1.250% Mar 01, 2027	12.2%		44.6
3.	Canadian Government Bond 2.750% Sep 01, 2027	10.8%		0.6
4.	Province of Ontario 2.600% Jun 02, 2027	10.5%		
5.	Province of Quebec 2.750% Sep 01, 2027	9.3%		
6.	Canada Housing Trust No. 1 3.600% Dec 15, 2027	8.7%		
7.	Canadian Government Bond 1.000% Jun 01, 2027	6.4%		
8.	Province of Alberta 2.550% Jun 01, 2027	5.1%		
9.	Province of Ontario 1.850% Feb 01, 2027	4.5%		
10.	OMERS Finance Trust 1.550% Apr 21, 2027	2.9%		
Tota	al percentage of top 10 investments	85.5%		
Tota	al number of investments	19		

How risky is it?

The value of the ETF can go down as well as up. You could lose money.

One way to gauge risk is to look at how much an ETF's returns change over time. This is called "volatility".

54.8% Federal Bonds 44.6% Provincial Bonds 0.6% Cash/Other

In general, ETFs with higher volatility will have returns that change more over time. They typically have a greater chance of losing money and may have a greater chance of higher returns. ETFs with lower volatility tend to have returns that change less over time. They typically have lower returns and may have a lower chance of losing money.



Risk rating

RBC GAM has rated the volatility of this ETF as low.

This rating is based on how much the ETF's returns have changed from year to year. It doesn't tell you how volatile the ETF will be in the future. The rating can change over time. An ETF with a low risk rating can still lose money.



How has the ETF performed?

This section tells you how the units of the ETF have performed. Returns¹ are after expenses have been deducted. These expenses reduce the ETF's returns. ¹ Returns are calculated using the ETF's net asset value (NAV).

Year-by-year returns

This section tells you how units of the ETF have performed in past calendar years. However, this information is not available because the ETF has not yet completed a calendar year.

Best and worst 3-month returns

This section shows the best and worst returns for units of the ETF in a 3-month period. However, this information is not available because the ETF has not yet completed a calendar year.

Average return

This section shows the value and annual compounded rate of return of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment in units of the ETF. However, this information is not available because the ETF has not yet completed 12 consecutive months.

Trading ETFs

ETFs hold a basket of investments, like mutual funds, but trade on exchanges like stocks. Here are a few things to keep in mind when trading ETFs:

Pricing

ETFs have two sets of prices: market price and net asset value (NAV).

Market price

- ETFs are bought and sold on exchanges at the market price. The market price can change throughout the trading day. Factors like supply, demand, and changes in the value of an ETF's investments can affect the market price.
- You can get price quotes any time during the trading day. Quotes have two parts: bid and ask.
- The bid is the highest price a buyer is willing to pay if you want to sell your ETF units. The ask is the lowest price a seller is willing to accept if you want to buy ETF units. The difference between the two is called the "bid-ask spread".
- In general, a smaller bid-ask spread means the ETF is more liquid. That means you are more likely to get the price you expect.

Net asset value (NAV)

- Like mutual funds, ETFs have a NAV. It is calculated after the close of each trading day and reflects the value of an ETF's investments at that point in time.
- NAV is used to calculate financial information for reporting purposes like the returns shown in this document.

Orders

There are two main options for placing trades: market orders and limit orders. A market order lets you buy or sell units at the current market price. A limit order lets you set the price at which you are willing to buy or sell units.

Timing

In general, market prices of ETFs can be more volatile around the start and end of the trading day. Consider using a limit order or placing a trade at another time during the trading day.

Who is this ETF for?	A word about tax	
 Investors who: are looking for regular income, want to invest in Canadian Government bonds with a target maturity date, can accept fluctuations in the value of their investment. 	In general, you'll have to pay income tax on any money you make on an ETF. How much you pay depends on the tax laws where you live and whether or not you hold the ETF in a registered plan, such as a Registered Retirement Savings Plan or a Tax-Free Savings Account.	
	Keep in mind that if you hold your ETF in a non-registered account, distributions from the ETF are included in your taxable income, whether you get them in cash or have them reinvested.	

No guarantees

Like most exchange-traded funds, this ETF doesn't have any guarantees. You may not get back the amount of money you invest.



How much does it cost?

This section shows the fees and expenses you could pay to buy, own and sell units of the ETF. Fees and expenses – including any trailing commissions – can vary among ETFs.

Higher commissions can influence representatives to recommend one investment over another. Ask about other ETFs and investments that may be suitable for you at a lower cost.

1. Brokerage commissions

You may have to pay a commission every time you buy and sell units of the ETF. Commissions may vary by brokerage firm. Some brokerage firms may offer commission-free ETFs or require a minimum purchase amount.

2. ETF expenses

You don't pay these expenses directly. They affect you because they reduce the ETF's returns.

As of September 30, 2023, the ETF's expenses were 0.18% of its value. This equals \$1.80 for every \$1,000 invested.

Annual rate (as a % of the ETF's value)

Management expense ratio (MER) This is the total of the ETF's total management fee and operating expenses.	0.18%
Trading expense ratio (TER) These are the ETF's trading costs.	-
ETF expenses	0.18%

Trailing commission

The trailing commission is an ongoing commission. It is paid for as long as you own the ETF. It is for the services and advice that your representative and their firm provide to you.

This ETF doesn't have a trailing commission.

Exchange and Redemption fee

3. Other fees

Fee

What you pay

Upon an exchange or redemption of units of the ETF, RBC GAM may charge to unitholders, at its discretion, an exchange or redemption fee of up to 0.05% of the exchange or redemption proceeds to offset certain transaction costs associated with the exchange or redemption.

What if I change my mind?	For more information	
Under securities law in some provinces and territories, you have the right to cancel your purchase within 48 hours after you receive confirmation of the purchase.	Contact RBC GAM or your representative for a copy of the ETF's prospectus and other disclosure documents. These documents and the ETF Facts make up the ETF's legal documents.	
In some provinces and territories, you also have the right to cancel a purchase, or in some jurisdictions, claim damages, if this document, the ETF's prospectus or the ETF's financial statements contain a misrepresentation. You must act within the time limit set by the securities law in your province or territory.	RBC Global Asset Management Inc. 155 Wellington Street West Suite 2200 Toronto, ON M5V 3K7	
For more information, see the securities law of your province or territory or ask a lawyer.	Toll-free: Email: Website: [©] / [™] Trademark(s) of Royal © RBC Global Asset Manag	1-855-RBC-ETFS (722-3837) etfs.investments@rbc.com www.rbcgam.com/regulatorydocuments I Bank of Canada. Used under licence. gement Inc. 2024